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## Home Rendered Lard

Pure and Wholesome

Dear Madam: We are quite certain that our Home Rendered Lard will be of great aid in your cooking and baking.

It's so pure and wholesome.

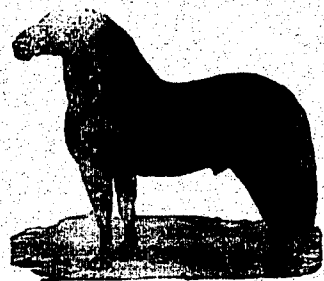
Milk's Market

F. H. Milks

## LIVERY & SALES STABLES

Prompt livery service ready at any time. Also heavy work.

Farms and farm lands and village property for sale.



N. P. OLSON Grayling  
Langevin's Old Stand.

## Groceries and Provisions

Phone Your Order—or Call and We Will Suggest Something.

Phone 25.

We take a large amount of pride in the quality of our groceries and provisions. And our line is so complete that our customers are real pleased with the ease they take in making their selections.

H. Petersen

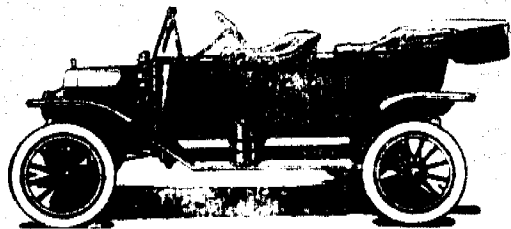
Grocer



Buy It Because It's a Better Car.

Model T  
Touring Car  
f. o. b. Detroit \$550

Get particulars from Geo. Burke, Frederic, Mich.



Get Your Rubber Stamps at the Avalanche Office.

## STATE MAY HAVE BIG ENCAMPMENT

WOULD MEAN 10,000 MORE MEN

General Vandercok Proposes Grayling for Great Gathering.

The Daily News Bureau 83 Home Life Building.

Washington Jan. 19.—Adjutant General Roy C. Vandercok of Michigan ascertained from the department of militia affairs Monday that the Michigan National guard is scheduled for joint maneuvers with part of the regular army and with the militia of the states of Ohio, Indiana and Illinois. Major Vandercok at once applied for permission to have the maneuvers held at Grayling, the new Michigan national guard reservation. If the war department should decide to take the major's suggestion it would

## School Notes

Senior examinations are in full swing.

Clinton Husted is a new pupil in the third grade.

Some good apples were drawn in the first grade this week.

Junior Wakely of Sigbee is taking our eighth grade examination.

Some good pictures stories of Winter were told by the third grade with crayon.

Walter Dorah of the seventh grade has been out of school because of sickness.

The third grade are summing up their work in physiology by memoriz-

## EMBARRASSING MOMENTS



(Copyright)

result in bringing 10,000 additional soldiers of the regular army and militia into the state for a time next summer.

Major Vandercok also put in a word in behalf of Gen. John P. Kirk of Ypsilanti, Michigan's new brigade commander and chief of staff, for appointment on the national militia board, in case the new pay and efficiency bill becomes a law. This bill carries with it a provision for the appointment of a national military board of five members which will formulate the policy of the organized militia. Appointments to this board will be made by the secretary of war. At the proper time friends of General Kirk in official Washington will be asked to endorse him for appointment to this board.

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ing "The Body."

Mrs. Paul Lovely and Mrs. Louis Lamont visited the first grade on Friday afternoon.

The southside primary department seem to be having their annual coughing spell this week.

The south side second grade is interested in the "Children's Hour" by Henry W. Longfellow.

While learning the poem, "The Snowflake" the southside first grade made snowflakes in paper cutting.

The A. class of the second grade are enjoying the study of the "Village Blacksmith" by H. W. Longfellow.

The second grade are studying the life of the Eskimos this week. Some very interesting sentences have been written about them.

The following pupils in the second grade had perfect spelling lessons last week. Myrtle Danfield, Beatrice Hoelsi, Farnham Matson, Herman Hanson and Freda Narrin.

There will be beginning classes in the high school next week in the following subjects: English composition, algebra, botany, plane geometry, solid geometry and reviews.

The senior class have very wisely decided to expend the greater portion of their profits of the entertainment course in the purchase of a victrola together with a set of appropriate records. No better disposition of that fund could be made.

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## FOUR GOOD RING CONTESTS.

Cuthbertson Out-classes Thornton in Ten Round Contest.

It was hard to say whether the Cuthbertson-Thornton match last Friday night at the opera house, or the widely known "Dummy" Maxson, was the greatest drawing card. At any rate the crowd was greatly pleased with the sport, and went home perfectly satisfied.

George Belanger acted as referee and at the signal, Cuthbertson was across the ring like a flash and hit Thornton on the chin, and throughout the 1st and 2nd rounds Thornton was hit often, and retaliated with a swinging blow to Cuthbertson's left side.

In the third round Thornton did his best boxing, landing a number of body blows. Again in the fifth, he did good work.

The remaining rounds were plainly Cuthbertson's, although he appeared considerably winded. The sixth round started out almost like a slugging match, instead of a scientific boxing bout. In the eighth both men were sparring for an opening and evidently reserving their strength for the final rounds.

Cuthbertson was going well in final round. Thornton's clinches were the only means of keeping himself away from Cuthbertson's handy glove.

Thornton put up a good contest, and was cool and nifty throughout. Although a little shorter than his adversary, he is strong and as hard as a pine knot, and if he had a little more skill in boxing, would make a hard man to beat.

The contest was clean and fair throughout, and the crowd quiet and orderly.

Three preliminary bouts had been provided for the entertainment of the patrons of this kind of sport, and they were refereed by Guy Hayes, of O'Leary.

Irving Hodge and Billy Keath were the first up. They huffed and puffed and wiped and jabbed, for three straight rounds. Each got hit about a million times, neither was hurt. Hodge was probably hit the most times, but he ended the contest in "pink of condition" while Keath was just the same, except a little short of wind.

The second preliminary attraction was a match between Kid Sweeney and Chuck Woodruff. The Kid was easily the victor in this match. He is long and built on lines similar to those of Bob Fitzsimmons—about like a gorilla or more so. He had a reach of seventy-four inches, and speed like Corbett, except lacking the Corbett foot action. He is doomed to great fame in the prize ring, unless he happens to stub his toe while carrying in a scuffle of coal at this printing office.

Woodruff is a nice clean looking fellow, and it seemed a shame to muss him up. He took off his glasses while in the ring. He fell in the third round after the terrible (?) onslaught of his opponent.

When "Billy" and Clyde Maxson entered the ring, they were given a loud ovation. Both took their corners smiling and after cooling their mouths with water they sent a misty spray across the stage that made one wish that they had an umbrella. They both had steam enough to run an engine. Both gentlemen are deaf mutes and brothers.

This exhibition was a masterpiece of clever boxing on the part of Billy Maxson, who is a past master in prize ring tactics. He has met fighters of world renown, such as Langford, L. McCarty, Jeannette, Jim Savage, Al Kubiak, Frank Moran and others. He is a powerfully built man standing six feet in his stockings, weight 175.

Maxson was born in Vienna, a small place about nine miles from Lewiston. He had his first fight in Bay City, in 1906.

Of course Maxson greatly outclassed his brother, and his work in the ring was brilliant and a revelation to those in attendance. He did some clever dodging and blocking and his attacks were like lightning and would have had plenty of power behind them had he cared to let himself out. The brother showed fast work also, although he was out of training and too fat to keep up the pace that he began.

At the conclusion of the contest Maxson gave an exhibition of shadow boxing, just to show what he could do and had there been any aspirants present for his title, they would certainly have changed their minds after seeing him go through his stunts.

A match was later arranged between Maxson and George Belanger, to be pulled off February 10, at the opera house.

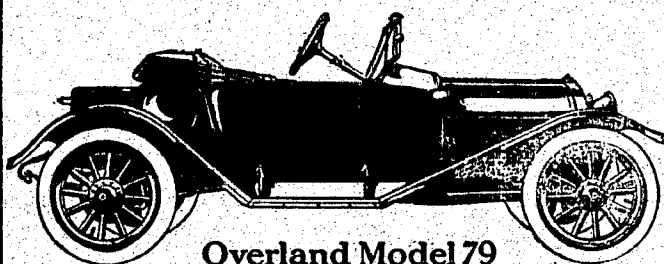
Grasshoppers Ravish Kansas. Dodge City, Kan.—Farmers in western Kansas have united in spreading tons of poisoned bran meal over fields in an effort to check the ravages of grasshoppers that in the last month have done thousands of dollars damage to crops.



Overland Model 79

## Five-passenger Touring Car

Model 79-T, 35 horsepower. Price, including electric lights and storage battery, \$950.—Equipped with Gray & Davis electric engine starter and generator, \$1,075.



Overland Model 79

## Two-passenger Roadster

Model 79-R, 35 horsepower. Price, including electric lights and storage battery, \$950.—Equipped with Gray & Davis electric engine starter and generator, \$1,075.

Demonstrator may be seen at our garage, or catalog furnished on request.

## GRAYLING MACHINERY REPAIR CO.

Call on A. Kraus Est., Hardware For

## Electric Light Bulbs

We carry a complete line of Tungsten Lamps, also Electric Irons.

Try Our New Kerosene Oil—The Ruby Light.

It does not smoke the chimney or fill the house with a bad odor sold only by

A. Kraus Est.

Hardware, Stoves, Paints and Oils, Builders' Supplies, All kinds of Plumbing, Stove Repairing neatly done, Tin Shop in connection.

Phone 1222

## Lycoming Rubbers

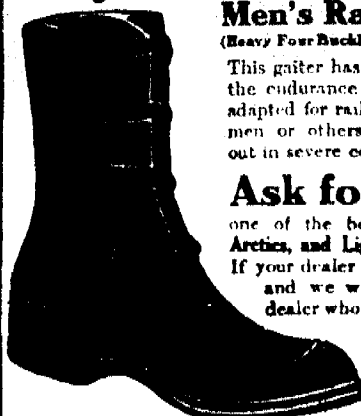
Men's Railroad Portland

(Heavy Four Buckle Snow Excluder, Floor Lead)

This gaiter has a double sole which adds to the endurance on the bottom, and is well adapted for railroad men, postmen, policemen or others whose calling keeps them out in severe cold weather.

Ask for Lycomings

one of the best lines of Boots, Gaiters, Arctics, and Light Rubbers on the market. If your dealer does not carry them write us and we will give you the name of a dealer who carries them in your locality.



MELZE, ALDERTON SHOE CO.

Wholesale Distributors SAGINAW, MICH.

Sold by H. PETERSEN



## MAC DONALD RESOLUTION REJECTED

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON RULES DECIDES AGAINST STRIKE INVESTIGATION.

### DEMOCRATIC MEMBERS VOTE IN CAUCUS.

Contention of Governor Ferris and Senator Townsend that State is Handling Situation is Sustained.

Washington—The resolution of Congressman William J. MacDonald, of Calumet, submitted some days ago, calling for a congressional investigation of the situation in the copper country, of Michigan, was referred to the house committee on rules for decision as to whether United States interference was warranted.

"No federal question is involved either in the Michigan or in the Colorado strike situations, and

"Nothing has been shown to indicate that the governors of the respective states are not in a position adequately to cope with the situation."

These are the findings of the Democratic majority members of the committee Saturday. They sustain the contention of Governor Ferris and Senator Townsend that Michigan can handle its labor affairs and virtually ends the demand for federal interference, so far as action in the house is concerned.

### Rev. Glass Gets Appointment.

Owosso, Mich.—Rev. D. H. Glass, pastor of the First M. E. church in Owosso, and for four years previously pastor of Central M. E. church at Pontiac, has been appointed superintendent of Sunday school work in the Detroit conference, and will take up his new work as soon as a successor to him here is chosen.

Rev. Glass' work will be to build up the Sunday schools and promote the plan, originated by him for a joint church and Sunday school meeting, instead of separate meetings.

### Date of Encampment Announced.

Detroit, Mich.—The week of August 31 has been chosen for the national encampment of the G. A. R. in Detroit, by the local executive committee in charge of arrangements. The committee completed also the drawing up of the contract providing for the expenses of the encampment. The contract calls for about 4,700 badges, a grandstand to seat 4,000 persons, the use of eight public meeting places, an auditorium and bands, and horses for the officials of the G. A. R.

### Two Dead From Gas Fumes.

Jackson, Mich.—Mrs. Elizabeth O'Hearn, aged 65, and her son, John O'Hearn, aged 35, were found dead in bed at their home, 111 Deyo alley, Friday. Death was due to asphyxiation from gas fumes that had escaped from a stove.

Mr. O'Hearn was a Michigan Central baggage man and it was his failure to return to work this morning which led to the investigation, disclosing his death and that of his mother.

### Beaver Meat May Be Shipped.

Marquette, Mich.—Beaver meat from upper Michigan is to be a delicacy served to people in large cities of the country this winter. In response to numerous inquiries, State Game Warden Wm. R. Oates of Marquette, has notified his deputies that trappers and others will be permitted to ship the meat of legally killed beavers out of the state. All packages must be plainly marked to indicate their contents.

### George G. Moore in Big Deal.

San Francisco—George G. Moore, of St. Clair, Mich., identified with many interests in Detroit, was active in closing a deal which gained control of the United Properties company, a concern capitalized at \$200,000,000, organized in New Jersey and operating in California, for a British-American syndicate. The concern will operate interurban properties exclusively.

After a campaign to raise funds, St. Paul's Episcopal church several outside ministers, and with fitting ceremonies, Friday night, burned the mortgage which had hung over the church for several years.

With the election of Joseph Warnock as secretary and treasurer of the socialist party in Michigan, the headquarters of the party shift to Harbor Springs from Grand Rapids. Warnock succeeds James Hoogerhyde.

The office of county register has been combined with the office of county clerk, by the supervisors, of Branch Township. This saves the salary of \$700 per annum. The salary of the clerk was reduced \$100 but he now gets fees from both offices.

Mrs. Harry Brownell, of St. Charles, wife of the man who disappeared four years ago and whose skeleton was found about a month ago in the north woods, has been given \$400 by the Masonic lodge of the state. The sum is the balance of the \$2,000 raised as a search fund.

The board of supervisors, of Allegan, turned down the petition of the "wets", asking for a new election to decide whether the county shall remain dry or wet. The petition contained 1,115 names.

Haglund's jewelry store, South Mechanic street, Jackson, was robbed Saturday night. Diamond rings and watches and bracelets were taken. The thief broke a window at the side of the entrance door. There were 12 diamond rings, valued at \$22 and \$24 each, two gold bracelets and a gold open face watch, stolen.

## CHOSEN COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY



John Skelton Williams.

Washington—The banking and currency committee of the Senate reported favorably on Williams' appointment as comptroller of the currency. He will be a member of the currency organization committee with Secretaries McAdoo and Houston.

## FERTILIZERS TO BE WATCHED

Agricultural College Will Protest Farmers Against Inferior Compounds Sold in Michigan.

East Lansing, Mich.—Boasts by certain manufacturers of farm fertilizers that any sort of compound can be palmed off in Michigan have come to the ears of the experiment station chemists at M. A. C., and as a result, close examination of fertilizers sold within the state will be made henceforth, in accordance with the lately amended state law. Farmers are to be given thorough protection from manufacturers whose product may be questionable.

In the past the state chemists had but little authority in the matter of regulating the composition of fertilizing compounds, but under the new statute much broader powers have been granted.

Along with the testing of fertilizers, examination will also be made of insecticides and spraying compounds. This has never been done heretofore, but the new law enacted by the last legislature has made provision for this work. Paris green and similar insecticides must be made to kill or their sale will be prohibited in Michigan.

### May Try Trans-Atlantic Flight.

Dayton, O.—Upon the chances the flyer is willing to take will depend the date of the first crossing of the Atlantic ocean in an aeroplane, according to the belief of Orville Wright, who is just now figuring with Aviator Harry N. Atwood upon such a flight.

Atwood is not going to take forlorn chances, so he is indulging in a great deal of mathematical study. Mr. Wright has said the chances of success attending such an effort were far less visionary than there were only a short time ago. He believes the flight could be made from New Foundland in 25 hours. The longest aeroplane flight up to the present time was of about 11 hours duration.

### Marketing of Farm Products.

Washington—A popular government institution for the scientific marketing of farm products, to be known as the Agricultural Capital, to be separate from any existing branch of the government, was proposed in a bill by Senator Borah.

Designed primarily to eliminate middlemen and reduce the cost of living; to arrange transportation facilities of the farmers and consumers, the bill aroused senators by its radical suggestions and was referred to the agricultural committee.

### Thirteen Sailors Are Rescued.

Baltimore—Rescued from their ice-coated sinking ship after they had given up all hope, the 13 members of the crew of the five-masted schooner Fuller Palmer, Sunday morning, arrived in Baltimore aboard the Donaldson line steamer Marina.

The rescue was made by the Marina early Thursday morning, about 154 miles southeast of Cape Cod.

Because a gravel pit had been dug too close to his residence, the house of Samuel Weatherwax near Flint settled slowly and then collapsed suddenly. The loss is more than \$1,000. No one was injured.

A. E. Stevenson, of Port Huron, was elected president of the Michigan Improved Live Stock Breeders' association, which closed its convention in East Lansing Saturday. It was decided to hold next year's convention in the same place.

The special election of charter revision commissioners will be held at Bay City on Monday, March 3, and the compensation of the commissioners will be \$3 per day. This action was taken by the council in accordance with the mandamus issued by the circuit court.

Postmasters appointed for Michigan: Irona, Lake county, Georgia Rekanina, vice A. G. Haslett, resigned; Martin, Allegan county, Freeman G. Hall, vice C. C. Murray, resigned; Rock Delta county, August Larson, vice John Larson, removed.

## DESPERATE CONVICTS KILL FOUR

THREE PRISONERS ATTEMPT ESCAPE FROM OKLAHOMA PENITENTIARY.

ARE SLAIN AFTER TERRIFIC FIGHT.

Seven Dead As Result of Dash for Liberty After Keys Were Stolen From the Wounded Turnkey.

McAlester, Okla.—Seven men were shot to death and three persons were wounded Monday, when three convicts attempted to escape from the state penitentiary and were slain by guards. One of the men slain by the convicts in their mad dash for liberty, was John R. Thomas of Muskogee, formerly United States district judge, and once congressman from Illinois.

So rapidly did the three convicts shoot down those in their path, that they reached the prison gate before the guards could return their fire. The desperadoes had taken the keys from the turnkey, John Martin, whom they had wounded, and had sheltered themselves through the prison yard by holding Mary Foster, a telephone operator, in front of them until the only shot fired by guards in the yard hit the girl in the leg.

Outside the gate, the men seized the horse and buggy of Warden Dick and dashed away, only to be shot to death by pursuing guards. One of the convicts fought to the last, their stolen horse lashed to a gallop by the other two. They fired their last cartridges at the oncoming guards, who poured in a deadly fire from horseback.

Even after the three escaped men were lying dead in the bottom of the careening buggy, the frightened horse of the warden dashed onward, until felled by a bullet from the pursuers.

The list of dead: John R. Thomas, Muskogee, formerly United States district judge.

H. H. Dwyer, superintendent Bertillon department.

Patrick Oates, assistant deputy warden.

G. C. Godfrey, guard.

China Reid, under sentence of two years for larceny.

Tom Lane, Paul's Valley, under five-year sentence for forgery.

Charles Koonitz, Comanche county, serving 40-year sentence for manslaughter.

### Confesses to Killing Wife.

Galesburg, Ill.—Robert Higgins confessed that he killed his wife at New Henderson, Ill., January 5, so he would be free to marry his step-daughter Julia Flake, 15 years old.

He was arrested after the girl told State's Attorney John M. Wilson of Mercer county, of her infatuation for Higgins and that she importuned him to dispose of her mother, who, she said, was only obstacle between her and happiness.

### Strike Lasts Less Than Day.

Albany, N. Y.—The strike on the Delaware and Hudson railway called Monday was settled the same night. Company officials met the union's demands that they restore two discharged employees. Engineer James A. Lynch and Conductor F. A. Slade, to their former positions. All strikers returned to duty at once. G. W. W. Hanger, a member of the federal board of mediation and conciliation, brought about the agreement.

### Col. Gorgas Named for Post.

Washington—President Wilson sent to the senate the nomination of Col. William C. Gorgas to be surgeon-general of the army. He will succeed Surgeon General Towner, deceased. Colonel Gorgas is at present head of the department of sanitation in the Panama canal zone and his nomination is made in recognition of his services there. Secretary of War Garrison recommended the appointment.

### Terre Haute Mayor Indicted.

Terre Haute, Ind.—Mayor Don M. Roberts, of this city, was arrested on indictments charging him with bribery, conspiracy to commit fraud, and stuffing ballot boxes.

The indictments, six in number, were returned last Saturday by the special grand jury, named to investigate election fraud charges. The indictments are based on alleged acts of Roberts during the election of 1912.

Murphy recently retired from the hotel business. He is survived by a widow and family of grown children.

A test case of the constitutionality of spreading tax claims on their property will be made by the 10 churches of Owosso. The churches have been advertised for sale because they had been placed on the delinquent tax list.

P. T. Colgrove, of Hastings, president of the Michigan State Good Roads association, states that the county roads system will be submitted to vote at the spring elections in the following counties: Livingston, Hilldale, Lenawee, Ionia, Gratiot, Isabella, St. Joseph and Presque Isle.

A debate will be held with the Webster club, of the Detroit Central high school, and the Forum club, of the Battle Creek high school, January 23. The subject is, "Resolved, that Michigan should have a minimum wage law."

Jason W. Goodrich, 65, a flagman, lost his life at Flint while trying to save others. While warning pedestrians back from an approaching Perdue freight, Goodrich was run down by a switch engine. He is survived by a widow and three grown children.

## MARKET QUOTATIONS

Live Stock, Grain and General Farm Produce.

Live Stock.

DETROIT—Receipts, 686; market strong; best steers and heifers, \$8.25; steers and heifers, 1,000 to 1,200 lbs. \$7.50@7.75; steers and heifers, 800 to 1,000 lbs. \$6.75@7.25; steers and heifers that are fat, 500 to 700 lbs., \$5.75@6.50; choice fat cows, \$5.75@6.50; good fat cows, \$5.25@5.50; common cows, \$4.25@4.75; canners, \$3.00@4; choice heavy bulls, \$5.50@7; fair to good, bologna bulls, \$4.00@5; stock bulls, \$3.00@5.75; choice feeding steers, 800 to 1,000 lbs. \$6.75@7.25; fair feeding steers, 800 to 1,000 lbs. \$6.00@6.50; choice stockers, 500 to 700 lbs. \$6.00@6.25; fair stockers, 500 to 700 lbs. \$5.50@6; stock heifers, \$5.00@6; milkers, large young, medium age, \$7.00@100; common milkers, \$4.50@6.50.

Veal Calves—Receipts, 131; market steady; best \$11@11.50; others, \$8@10.50.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 5,108; market steady; best lambs, \$3; fair to good lambs, \$7.50@7.75; light to common lambs, \$6.50@7.25; fair to good sheep, \$4.50@5.25; culls and common, \$3.50@4.25.

Hogs—Receipts, 1,748; not many sold, big packers bidding \$3.20. Range of prices: Light to good butchers, \$8.20@8.25; pigs, \$8.20; light Yorkers, \$8.20@8.25; heavy, \$8.20@8.25.

### East Buffalo Markets.

EAST BUFFALO—Cattle—Receipts, 150 cars; heavy grades, 15@25c lower; butchers, 10@15c lower; prime steers, \$8.75@8.90; fair to good weighty steers, \$8.40@8.50; best shipping steers, \$8.40@8.75; fair to good, \$7.85@8.25; plain weighty steers, \$7.35@7.60; best bandy butcher steers, \$7.75@8.25; fair to good, \$7.25@7.50; common to fair, \$6.75@7.00; heavy fancy fat cows, \$6.50@7; choice to prime fat cows, \$6.00@6.50; good butcher cows, \$5.50@6; fair to good \$5.00@5.50; cutters, \$4.45@5; canners, \$3.50@3.85; choice heifers, \$7.75@7.75; medium to good, \$6.50@6.50; common to fair, \$5.25@5.55; feeders, \$6.25@7; yearling stockers, \$6.35@6.75; fair to best stockers, \$5.65@6.25; common, \$4.00@4.50; heavy bulls, \$6.75@7.25; medium, \$6.25@6.50; bologna, \$5.75@6.25; milkers and springers, \$5.00@100.

Hogs—Receipts, 100 cars; market active; heavy and mixed, \$8.50@8.65; few, \$8.70; Yorkers, \$8.50@8.55; pigs, \$8.50.

Sheep—Receipts, 125 cars; market 25c lower; top lambs, \$8.80@8.90; Yearlings, \$6.67; wethers, \$5.25@5; ewes, \$5.25@5.50.

Calves—Receipts, 700 head; market slow; tops, \$12; fair to good, \$11@11; grassers, \$4.50@5.75.

### Grains, Etc.

DETROIT—Wheat—Cash No. 2 red, 89c; May opened with an advance of 1-4c at \$1.04 1-2c; touched \$1.04 3-4 No. 1 white, 98 1-2c.

Corn—Cash No. 3, 63c; No. 3 yellow, 3 cars at 65c; No. 4 yellow, 2 cars at 62 1-2c, 2 at 62c.

Oats—Standard, 1 car at 41 1-2c; No. 3 white, 41c; No. 4 white, 1 car at 40 1-2c.

Rye—Cash No. 2, 66c.

Beans—Immediate and prompt shipment, \$1.85; January, \$1.87; February, \$1.92.

Cloverseed—Prime spot, \$8.75; March, \$8.80; sample red, 60 bags at \$8.25, 125 at \$8.40 at \$7.75; 5 at \$7.50; prime alsike, \$10.75; sample alsike, 12 bags at \$9.50.

Timothy—Prime spot, \$2.55.

Alfalfa—Prime spot, \$7.25.

Hay—Carlots, track Detroit; No. 1 timothy, \$15@16; standard, \$14@15; No. 2 timothy, \$12@14; light mixed, \$14@15.50; No. 1 mixed, \$12@13.50; No. 1 clover, \$12@13; rye straw, \$8@9; wheat straw, \$7@8; oat straw, \$7.50@8 per ton.

Flour—In one-eighth paper sacks, per 156 pounds, jobbing lots: Best patent, \$5.30; second patent, \$4.80; straight, \$4.50; spring patent, \$5.10; rye, \$4.40 per bbl.

Feed—In 100-lb sacks, jobbing lots: Bran, \$25; coarse middlings, \$27; fine middlings, \$29; cracked corn, \$29; coarse cornmeal, \$28; corn and out chop, \$25.60 per ton.

### General Markets.

Apples—Steele Red, \$5.50@6; Spy, \$4.50@5; Greening, \$4@4.50; No. 2, \$3.50@3.50 per bbl.

Rabbits—\$2.25 per dozen.

Cabbage—\$2.25@2.50 per bbl.

New Potatoes—Bernuda, \$2.50 per bu and \$7 per bbl.

Sweet Potatoes—Jersey kiln-dried, \$1.35@1.40 per crate.

Dressed Calves—Fancy, 15@16c; common, 12@13c per lb.

Onions—\$1.15 per bu, \$2.25 per sack of 100 lbs.; Spanish, \$1.50 per crate, \$4 per large crate.

Potatoes—In bulk, 65@67c per bu; in sacks, 68@70c per bu for carlots.

Dressed Hogs—Light, \$9.50; heavy, \$7@8 per cwt.

Dressed Poultry—Chickens, 14 1-2@16c; hens, 14@14 1-2c; No. 2 hens, 9@10c; old roosters, 9@10c; ducks, 17@18c; geese, 15@16c; turkeys, 20@22c per lb.

Geese—Wholesale lots: Michigan late made, 15@16c; Michigan fall made, 16 1-2c; New York late, 17 3-4c @18c; brick, 15@16 1-2c; Humberger, 14 1-2@15 1-2c; imported Swiss, 24@24 1-2c; domestic Swiss, 19 1-2@20c; long horns, 18@18 1-2c; daisies, 18@18 1-2c per lb.

Nuts—Shellbark hickory, 2c per lb; large hickory, 1 1/2 1-2c per lb.; Spanish chestnuts, \$2.9c per lb; walnuts and butternuts, 1 1/2 1-2c per lb.

Hides—No. 1 cured, 14 1-2c; No. 1 green, 12 1-2c; No. 1 cured bull, 22 1-2c; No. 1 green bull, 10c; No. 1 cured veal kip, 17c; No. 1 green veal kip, 14c; No. 1 cured murrain, 1c; No. 1 green murrain, 10c; No. 1 cured calf, 19c; No. 1 green calf, 15c; No. 1 horsehide, \$4.50; No. 2 horsehide, \$3.50; No. 1 kip, off, sheepskins, as to amount of wool, 14c@11.25.

## GROWTH OF ROAD WORK IN UNITED STATES UNPRECEDENTED IN 1913

Expenditures for the Past Year Will Approximate \$185,000,000—Period Has Been One of Notable Achievements in Relation to the Improvement of the Nation's Highways—Many States Had "Good Roads" Day.

In 1904 the first road census ever taken in the United States was conducted by the office of public roads of the department of agriculture.

This census showed that for that year there was expended on the roads of the country about \$80,000,000. Our road expenditures have steadily increased each year since, and in 1912 they approximated the grand total of \$163,000,000, or more than double the amount shown by the 1904 census.

As the same percentage of increase was maintained for 1913 as averaged for the period 1904-1912 the expenditure for the current year should approximate \$185,000,000.

However, these figures tell only a small part of the present road situation in the United States, for the past year has been one of notable achievements in relation to highways.

It was conspicuous for the development of sounder methods of road finance, for the adoption of better and more businesslike methods of road administration, for the writing of better and more practical legislation on our statute books, for the advancement in engineering practice in road



Gov. Elliott Major.

construction and maintenance and for the general trend and awakening of public opinion and public interest in all matters pertaining to the betterment of the roads of the country.

The practice of designating "good roads days" by the governors of states acquired considerable popularity.

During the year Alabama, Arkansas, Kansas, Kentucky, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Carolina and Washington by executive proclamation set aside one or more days as "good roads days," upon which all citizens, rural or urban, rich or poor, were called upon to do overalls and participate in work industriously donated to the improvement of the public roads. "Minnesota went so far as to provide by legislative enactment for an annual "good roads day."

Down in Arkansas the governors of four states got together for a day and worked on the roads with men of all classes and conditions. On this day Governor Hays of Arkansas was assisted by Governor Hall of Louisiana, Governor Hodges of Kansas and Governor Major of Missouri, and it is said that no humble citizen in any of the road gangs did better work than did the chief executives of those four great commonwealths.

However, the biggest thing about this "good roads day" movement is not the actual work done on the roads, but the moral effect of this great volunteer movement and the interest it arouses in the good roads cause.

The automobile continues to occupy the somewhat anomalous position of the greatest road builder and at the same time the greatest road destroyer. The state of Maine is building a great system of state highways by simply capitalizing the revenue from her automobile registration and allied fees while the great state of New York finds its highway department severely taxed to so maintain its system of 3,400 miles of state roads as to prevent their deterioration.

Over a million automobiles now pass over our public roads annually, which means that millions of men, women and children find recreation, health and pleasure in the fresh air, the life-giving sunshine and glorious economy of the open road and the joy of our matchless fields and forests, hills and mountains.

### VINEYARDS' YIELD FALLS OFF

Growers Hit Hard by the Poor Quality of the Small Quantity of Crop.

Berlin.—For the second year in succession the German vineyardists have been hard hit. This year's crop, just harvested, gave nowhere more than half the usual quantity of grapes, and in a majority of districts only one-twentieth of the normal yield. In some sections, notably in Wurttemberg

No wonder that every one is an enthusiast for better roads. What if good roads do cost money? The whole automobile industry pays its equal share of general road taxation, and, in addition, a large revenue through registration and license fees which aggregate very nearly \$10,000,000 a year. This vast sum is generally applied strictly to road maintenance.

The two great questions to be determined in this connection are, what part of the wear and tear on our roads is directly due to the automobile traffic, and how can this wear and tear be minimized? Autoists are not averse to paying their full share, but quite naturally they do not want to pay any more, and at present we have no very definite means of determining just what this share is.

Public enthusiasm is largely overcoming the want of funds. Great interstate and transcontinental roads are being built almost, one would say, by magic. The "Santa Fe Trail," the "Lincoln Way," the "Meridian Road," and many others have been routed and so improved from local revenues and public subscriptions as to invite the tourist.

Thirty-five states now grant some form of state aid. Fourteen states have more or less perfected provision for utilizing the state convicts in building improved roads.

Last year counties, townships and special road districts issued \$29,000,000 in bonds for building better roads. Millions more were also raised from special tax levies.

It has been a banner year in all lines pertaining to road improvements. Based on present incomplete returns, the total construction of hard surfaced roads during the last year will reach 15,000 miles. The world-famed "Appian Way" only had a total length of 360 miles.

Legislative enactments have been extremely numerous, and the majority in the right direction. Of the 41 state legislatures in session during the last year, every one had under serious consideration many matters pertaining to the improvement of the public roads, and a large number passed more or less fundamental road legislation.

Three states—Arkansas, Montana and South Dakota—joined the ranks having state highway departments, while seven others provided for reorganization of their highway departments so as to make them more efficient and effective in carrying out the work of improving the roads of the state.

The federal government has also contributed to the good work. The \$500,000 appropriated near the close of the fiscal year 1912 for rural delivery and experimental roads is being expended equally in each state, the state or local community contributing \$2 to every dollar appropriated by the government.

The office of public roads of the department of agriculture has continued to give engineering advice and assistance, to gather statistics and data relative to road building, to test materials to carry on experiments, investigations and research, and to disseminate information by bulletins and public lectures and demonstrations.

Public sentiment is more generally favorable to road improvement today than ever before. This is the outgrowth of the work of the American Highway association, one of the objects of which was the correlation of such efforts.

Very tangible evidence of this spirit of co-operation and harmony was shown by the American Road Congress held under the joint auspices of the American Highway association and its affiliated organizations and associations, the American Automobile association and the Michigan State Good Roads association.

It was undoubtedly the greatest road congress ever held in America. The subjects that were discussed encom-



## HOME DEPARTMENT OF THE AVALANCHE

FEATURES OF INTEREST AND VALUE TO THE WOMEN IN THE HOMES OF GRAYLING AND CRAWFORD COUNTY.

## The KITCHEN CABINET

HERE ought to be one or two occasions in the year when unregenerate man is freed from the dietary restraints laid upon him by a hygienic helpmate, and may eat all kinds of pie and as much of such kind as he chooses.

## PIE, THE POPULAR DESSERT.

In the following collection you will find some which you may not have tried:

**Pineapple Pie.**—Cream a tablespoonful of butter, add a cupful of sugar, and when well mixed the yolks of two eggs well beaten and a cupful of shredded pineapple; lightly fold in the well beaten whites of two eggs and bake in a single crust.

**Amber Pie.**—Take three-fourths of a cup of sugar, one-half cup of sour milk, the yolks of two eggs, two tablespoonfuls of butter creamed with the sugar, one-half tablespoonful of vinegar, a tablespoonful of flour, a teaspoonful each of cloves, cinnamon, allspice and one-half cupful of raisins. Make a meringue of the two whites of the eggs, adding two tablespoonfuls of sugar. Bake with one crust.

**Chocolate Pie.**—Cook together six tablespoonfuls of sugar mixed with four tablespoonfuls of grated chocolate; add a pint of boiling water, the yolks of two eggs and two tablespoonfuls of cornstarch. Flavor with vanilla and pour into a baked crust. Cover with a meringue made from the whites of the eggs.

**Apple Meringue.**—Fill a rich lower crust with seasoned apple sauce, flavor with nutmeg and bake. When done, spread with a meringue made with two eggs and two tablespoonfuls of sugar. Bake a golden brown.

**Cocanut Pie.**—Take four eggs well beaten, add a pint of milk and two-thirds of a cup of sugar, one cupful of cocanut, one teaspoonful of vanilla, and bake in one crust. Sprinkle sugar over the top after baking.

**Banana Cream Pie.**—Make a custard of two eggs, a quarter of a cup of sugar and a pint of milk. Into this put the pulp of two bananas well mashed. Turn into a pastry lined pie plate and bake until well done. Cover with a meringue, if so desired.

**Date Pie.**—Cook a pint of milk and a third of a pound of dates in a double boiler 20 minutes. Strain and rub through a sieve; add two beaten eggs, a fourth of a teaspoon of salt, a few gratings of nutmeg, and bake in a single crust.

**Washington Pie.**—This is such a favorite that it should be brought to mind often. Make a simple layer or sponge cake, and bake in two layers. Put it together with sweetened and flavored whipped cream.

A sunny disposition is the very soul of success, and a man who can do his work with a smile, and to do it with half the physical and mental exhaustion.

## GOOD THINGS NEW AND OLD.

In making sponge cake, the eggs should be beaten very light and care should be taken not to lose that lightness when stirring in the sugar and flour. Here is one which is called:

**Never-Fail Sponge Cake.**—Beat together three eggs and a cup and a half of sugar until creamy, then add a half cup of cold water and two cupfuls of flour sifted with two teaspoonfuls of baking powder. Bake in two layers, and use any kind of filling desired.

**Poppers.**—Put a cup of flour, a cup of milk, two eggs and a fourth of a teaspoonful of salt into a bowl and beat five minutes. Have the muffin or gem pans smoking hot and well greased, and you will have poppers which will pop over right into your mouth.

**Two-Egg Sponge Cake.**—Separate the yolks from the whites of two fresh eggs; beat the whites until stiff, and add half a cup of sugar. Beat the yolks five minutes without stopping, and add to them another half cup of sugar with two teaspoonfuls of lemon juice. Beat the two egg mixtures together and cut and fold in with the lightest hand a cup of flour sifted with a teaspoonful of baking powder and a pinch of salt, then add a half cup of hot water. Sprinkle sugar on top and bake 30 minutes. Invert the pan until cool.

**For the Chaffing Dish.**—Beat four eggs together in the upper pan, season with salt and paprika, add four tablespoonfuls of chutney sauce. Mash with this two dozen sardines which have been skinned; mix with cracker crumbs until it can be molded into small patties, and fry a golden brown in butter.

**Six Brains a Year.**  
Here's something to be thankful for. It has been estimated by a distinguished German scientist that we get a complete new outfit of brains about every two months. The duration of a nerve's life is about sixty days. Each nerve cell has its own independent functions, subordinate to the higher functions of the whole brain on mass; and the latter acts as a sort of boss or over-seeer to the individual actions and life of each separate cell. Every cell is destroyed and renewed every two

I am surprised that intelligent men do not see the immense value of good temper in their homes; and am amazed that they will take such pains to have costly houses and fine furniture, and yet sometimes neglect to bring home with them a good temper.

## WHAT TO EAT.

Right living would eliminate a large per cent. of the ills of man. Overeating has been the cause of many ills and many deaths. To cut our food in half and multiply our exercise in the fresh air by two would unquestionably prolong our lives. Yet we go on eating food that is too rich, and too much of it, and we reap as we sow.

A soup, a salad, and the dinner is complete, says Savarin, one of the greatest authorities on dining; yet how many today would be satisfied with such a meal?

The chief value of soup made from broths or meat extracts is the toning the stomach for the heavier foods. When the nicely flavored thin soup gets into the stomach the gastric juice begins to flow; then when the heavy food follows the stomach is ready to take care of it. These thin broths of soups have little food value, but are great aids to digestion.

Heavy soups, like purees or cream soups, are of themselves a meal and with a simple salad and bread and butter make a most filling one.

Consomme is clear soup made from veal or beef. Bouillon is made from lean chopped beef. Use a quart of water to each pound of meat.

Bellevue bouillon is made from equal quantities of clear chicken broth and clam broth, seasoned with celery seed and pepper. Serve in cups with bouillon spoon.

Garnish the top of each cup with a spoonful of whipped cream.

Chowders are thick soups made from fish, oysters, clams or meat. One of the most wholesome and popular, as well as inexpensive, is:

**Codfish Chowder.**—Cut in dice a quarter of a pound of fat salt pork; put it into a deep kettle and brown; add three sliced onions and stir until well colored, then add a half dozen potatoes sliced, and cover with boiling water. When the potatoes are tender add a quart of milk, a half pound of shredded codfish which has been soaked in water, and on each plate place a milk cracker which has been scalded with boiling water and drained. Season with salt, if needed, add a dash of red pepper, and serve piping hot. This makes a good dish for a cold winter night.

Fresh fish may be added, if so desired, but it should be put in to cook when the potatoes are added.

"Time past is gone, thou canst not it retrieve."  
Time is, thou hast, improve that portion small;  
Time future is not and may never be.  
Time present is the only time for thee."

## SERVING THE OYSTER.

The common way of serving the oyster is in a stew, and often a very indifferent dish it is, too, for an oyster stew to be palatable must be carefully made and well seasoned. An oyster cocktail or oysters on the half shell are the favorite first course of the dinner menu of most men.

**Oyster Cocktail.**—This is one of the best ways of serving this dish. Mix a tablespoonful of tomato catsup, half a teaspoonful of vinegar or lemon juice, two drops of tabasco sauce and salt to taste. Serve in cocktail glasses or in halves of green peppers placed in a bed of ice. The oysters from six to eight on the half shell.

**Roasted Oysters.**—These are delicious when the nice, fresh, well-flavored oysters may be procured. Buy the oysters in the shell, scrub them and place in a dripping pan and cook in a hot oven until the shells open. Season and serve in the deep halves of the shells.

**Broiled Oysters.**—Clean and dry the oysters in a towel. Lift with a fork by the tough muscle, and dip in melted butter, then in cracker crumbs which have been well seasoned. Place in a buttered wire broiler and broil over a clear fire until the juices flow, turning while broiling. Serve with parsley or lemon butter.

Oysters in a block of ice is a favorite way of serving for a dinner. Melt a hollow in a block of ice with hot irons, put in the oysters, place the ice on a platter covered with a napkin and garnish with parsley and lemon.

Escalloped oysters are always liked. Prepare them with two layers of the oyster or the center layers will not be cooked and will spoil the whole dish.

Nellie Maxwell.

months, so we each get six brand new brains per year.

## Famous Khyber Pass.

The Khyber Pass, from the time of Alexander the Great, has been noted as the great military and trade gateway into India from the Asiatic continent, subordinate to the higher functions of the whole brain on mass; and the latter acts as a sort of boss or over-seeer to the individual actions and life of each separate cell. Every cell is destroyed and renewed every two

## Novelty Is Lamp-Shade Dress



AMONG the odd and novel ideas introduced in styles by Poiret last fall a few survived their introduction, among them the lampshade dress, of which an example is shown here. A narrow skirt, under a wired tunic, which extends about to the knee, characterizes this mode. Americans called it the "lampshade" style, which title fits very well and explains more than "minaret."

The tunic or overdress, wired at the bottom to hold it away from the figure, is usually of transparent or semi-transparent material—chiffon or lace, for example. The magnificent beaded and embroidered necks for very elaborate dresses have been much liked. But for the ordinary evening gown of crepe, satin, charmeuse and other light fabrics, the tunic is of the same material as the skirt, and the bodice is made of lace combined with some of the material in the skirt.

In the gorgeous gown pictured here (an extreme of the style) the bodice is hardly more than a broad sash of lace wrapped about the figure and tied in a big butterfly bow at the back. A narrower scarf of lace passes over the shoulders and supports the sash. There is a small embroidered panel of beaded net finished with three large tassels at the middle front of the bodice, supported by invisible wires, probably about the edge. These large tassels are featured this season—an other one of the successful ideas of the designer.

## FANCY MARABOUT SET MUCH USED INSTEAD OF FURS

ALMOST as warm as furs and far less expensive, marabout sets have been growing in favor with women in the milder climes, and with those who wear furs only when the weather is very cold. They are very cozy, the



retained on numbers of demi-dress occasions.

The neckpieces and muffs are made up of strands of marabout and strands of ostrich tacked together. Sometimes two colors, as black and white, natural and white, or white and the pastel shades, are combined. Natural color—a taupe gray—is the great favorite and a wonderfully beautiful color. Neckpieces are usually straight scarves, rather long, although there are capes and stoles in some variety.

The muffs are made up in plain shapes, not draped or in eccentric pattern, which have been popular in furs. A good marabout set will last several seasons and promises to be increasingly popular. It is much better than any of the very cheap furs, in appearance, and quite as durable. If one wants the comfortable appearance and the real comfort of a neckpiece and muff, and a measure of elegance in the effect, marabout is much to be preferred to furs at the same price.

## Bewing Room Hint.

When you are making a jacket and want to fit it on a stand, even if the stand is made to your measure, don't forget to put a fully trimmed bodice on the stand before you, put the jacket on it, for, of course, the jacket should be fitted so that it can be worn over any bodice without being tight; many amateurs fit their jackets on the stand, forgetting to put the bodice on first. The same may be said about winter bodices, that are to be worn over thick vests or slip-bodices, if thick underclothing is to be worn, it should be put on the stand before the bodice is fitted.

## Lace Novelty.

An odd idea in collar and cuff sets just out to be a Cupid's head in Venice lace. The head is the central portion of the design, the regulation pattern extending to the edges of the collars and cuffs.

## Who Is Your Master?

By REV. J. H. RALSTON  
Secretary of Correspondence Department  
Heady Bible Institute, Chicago

TEXT—No man can serve two masters.  
Matt. 6:24.



Mammon may mean self, the world, the flesh or the devil. We will confine our thought to three possible masters.

**Self as Master.**  
Man, as a rule, thinks he is his own master. He says: "I am the captain of my soul." He recalls without hesitation the words of the poet:

"Man, know thyself,  
Presume not God to scan."

and he interprets these words to mean that a knowledge of God is not his first duty. In many cases he utterly ignores God and sees in himself possibilities of a perfect man, and strives to develop them by himself. A party of travelers in the Alps were starting out one morning to scale one of the highest peaks, and invited a young man to go with them, and on his declination, asked him if he did not intend to make the ascent. He replied: "Yes, I will make it, but I will make it by myself. I have a guide book, and have my own head." The party made the ascent and returned in safety. The next day the papers reported the finding of a dead body of a young man at the foot of a precipice with a guide book tightly clutched in his hand. Thus many imagine that they can go on without God.

**Satan as Master.**  
The teaching of the word of God is very clear that there is an intelligent, powerful, malicious personality in the universe opposed to God, and he is called Satan, or the devil. He is the god of this age, and he is given great power, and seems to be lifted above mankind, to a position from which he exercises this great power. His power is seen in individual lives, and in masses of men. The diabolism that is found in certain companies of human beings is almost beyond belief.

The plot against the Jews of Russia charged with the ritual murder of the boy Yushinsky, which, according to George Kennan involved the Russian government itself, can only be accounted for on the proposition that some satanic mind planned it all. Demon possession was clearly taught in the scriptures, and in modern times has been clearly proven in China and other parts of the world by most conservative and discriminating students. Of some men it can be truly said, they are devils incarnate. The devil does not always operate in the most debased and sordid manner, or men would resist him and fly from him. Many whose lives are fairly admirable are yet in the mastery of the evil one, but do not know it. Did not Jesus say that certain men were the children of the devil? In the individual, the mastery of the devil is seen in his inability to control his appetite, his temper, and his actions.

**God as Master.**  
But may not God be master? Jesus Christ, who was God, claimed to be master, saying: "One is your master, even Christ." While there are few, comparatively, who acknowledge God as master, there are those who may claim to parallel the 7,000 in Israel who did not bow the knee of Baal. The disciple Thomas freely called Jesus Master, and the Holy Spirit coupled the idea of the saving power of Jesus Christ with his mastership in the use of the term Lord Jesus.

The mastership of God involves several things. First, definite, positive and purposeful surrender to God. When Saul of Tarsus by the gate of Damascus asked: "What shall I do, Lord?" he made a definite surrender. He acknowledged himself from that moment as the servant and very slave of God. Secondly, man will at once let God guide him. As God's guidance is most clearly given in his word, that word will be man's study all the days. Thirdly, his life will be one of complete obedience. There will be no further question as to whether or not God commands is feasible or not. It is only as to whether it is a clear command. "His not to reason why, his but to do or die." This perfect surrender is not impracticable; it is a sane, sensible recognition that the leadership of God is better than his own. An illustration of this is seen in the career of such a man as Dwight L. Moody.

Yielding the mastery to God, secures supreme happiness. One of the master tricks of the devil is to make man believe that to serve himself is to secure happiness. The only fear of Dan Crawford, who for 22 years was in the long grass of Africa, was that he might possibly lose his supreme joy in God—but he never lost it.

The ONLOOKER  
HENRY HOWLAND  
COURSE  
TRUE LOVE

"Oh, mistress of my heart," he cried,  
"But one tender word to me  
And I will never quit thy side  
In life or eternity."

She gazed upon him kneeling there  
And heaved a long and happy sigh:  
She wore a basketful of hair  
She had been saving long to buy.

"Oh, mistress of my heart," said he,  
Repeating what he'd said before,  
"Unless you yield your love to me  
Contentment can be mine no more."

"And if I yield my love," she said,  
"Will contentment fill your  
breast?"  
He said it would and bowed his head,  
His glad heart throbbing beneath his vest.

"Then doubt no more, for all is well,  
I gladly yield my love," said she;  
Woe to rise up with a will;  
He'd run a tack into his knee.



**Promoted.**  
"My boy," said the millionaire who headed the great corporation, "you have worked here faithfully for a good many years. I realize that you have devoted your best efforts to our interests, and that our success is in a measure due to your work and that of your fellow employees. Now I am going to do something for you."

"Oh, thank you, sir," tremblingly replied the man who had been working for years on a salary that was barely sufficient to enable him to live in decent comfort. "I don't know how I can find words to fittingly express my gratitude. I can only hope that my work in the future will be such as to convince you that your generosity is fully appreciated."

"There, there, don't worry about that. We are going to open a branch in Nevada and I've decided to let you be the manager of it. The town to which you are to be sent is a small one, and I understand that it is not as attractive as some towns are, but it may grow. In any case, the dry atmosphere out there will be almost sure to relieve you of any catarrhal troubles you may have. You will receive the same salary you are getting now, but it will probably be easy for you to save money, as there will be nothing out there on which your earnings can be spent. I congratulate you on your promotion."

## Willing to Make the Effort.

"My dear, there's no reason why we shouldn't save a part of my salary. I've just been reading about a Chicago man who is able to support a family of a dozen children on \$12 a week."

"Well," his wife replied, "you find out how much he spends daily for his lunch and cigars and then I'll see what I can do about getting along on what his wife has for household expenses."

## Desires.

I ask no more than this, to be  
A toller here awhile  
For I go forth upon the sea  
That wears eternal sail.

I ask no more than to be rich  
And free from all concern  
Until I reach that bourne from which  
No travelers return.

**Not a Feible Illustration.**  
"Do you know," asked the abstainer, "that the money which the American people spend for drink in a single year would be sufficient to build a stone tower forty feet in diameter and a mile high?"

"Would it?" asked the man with the spongy nose, "but who wants a silly old stone tower like that?"

**Sympathetic Father.**  
"Do you expect to send your boy to college?"

"Yes." After the hard studying he is compelled to do in high school I think it is no more than right that he should have a few years of play before he goes to work."

**Suspicious.**  
"What do you know against her?"

"Oh, nothing in particular, but how can she be all right? You never see her anywhere without her husband. He must have some cause for being suspicious."

**Real Optimism.**  
A real optimist hopes for the best, even when his son marries a chorus girl.

**Not a Hopeless Case.**  
There is always a chance that the man who knows he doesn't know may find out.

**Making Bad Worse.**  
The man who is always sure that the worst is yet to come adds to his offense by waiting around for the purpose of proving it.

## To Pipe Smokers



## We Are Independent

and have no one to please but our customers. We have been making this grade smoking tobacco for more than half a century and "Wild Fruit" is our best effort. It is Union Made. Packed in five cent full packages, ten cent cloth pouches, eight and sixteen ounce tins. Premium coupons in all packages. Should you fail to find the "Wild Fruit" in your dealer's stock, send us five cents in postage stamps and we will mail you an original package.

Joe J. Bagley & Co., Detroit, Mich.

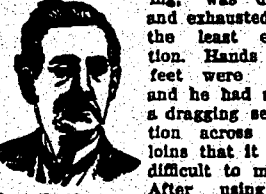
One thing the bald-headed man can never understand is why the world should respect gray hairs.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, &c. a bottle 10c.

Some women want the last word, and others don't seem to realize there is such a thing.

## A CLERGYMAN'S TESTIMONY.

The Rev. Edmund Heslop of Wighton, Pa., advised from Dropsy for a year. His limbs and feet were swollen and puffed. He had heart fluttering, was dizzy and exhausted at the least exertion. Hands and feet were cold and he had such a dragging sensation across the loins that it was difficult to move.



After using 5 boxes of Dodds Kidney Pills the swelling disappeared and he felt himself again. He says he has been benefited and blessed by the use of Dodds Kidney Pills. Several months later he wrote: "I have not changed my faith in your remedy since this above statement was authorized. Correspond with Rev. E. Heslop about this wonderful remedy." Dodds Kidney Pills, 50c. per box at your dealer or Dodds Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Write for Household Hints, also music of National Anthem (English and German words) and recipes for dainty dishes. All sent free. Adv.

Jones Was Classed as an "Otherwise." In the lobby one overheard a conversation between the fat man and the thin man.

"What sort of a fellow is Jones to get along with?" asked the fat one.

"He's an otherwise," said the thin one, sourly.

"What do you mean by an otherwise?"

"I'll tell you. When he's talking to a Democrat, he's a Republican. When he's talking to a Republican, he's a Democrat. When he's talking to a capitalist, he's a Socialist. And when he's talking to me, he's just a darned fool!"

## What Is Coming?

Whitney Warren, at the recent New York show, nodded toward a young man in tight morning coat and rakishly tilted top hat, and said:

"That young millionaire has already had three wives. Yet he is received, yet he is even lionized, everywhere. What is the world coming to?"

"What is the world coming to?" Mr. Warren pursued. "As I look about me at the tolerant, the too tolerant society of today, I think of the horse thief."

"Yours is a very serious crime, my man," a judge said sternly to a horse thief. "Fifty years ago it was a hanging matter."

"Well, your honor," said the horse thief, calmly, "fifty years hence it mayn't be a crime at all!"

## WONDERED WHY.

Found the Answer Was "Coffee."

Many pale, sickly persons wonder for years why they have to suffer so, and eventually discover that the drug—coffee—was the main cause of the trouble.

"I was always very fond of coffee and drank it every day. I never had much flesh and often wondered why I was always so pale, thin and weak."

"About five years ago my health completely broke down and I was confined to my bed. My stomach was in such condition that I could hardly take sufficient nourishment to sustain life."

"During this time I was drinking coffee, didn't think I could do without it."

"After awhile I came to the conclusion that coffee was hurting me, and decided to give it up and try Postum. When it was made right—dark and rich—I soon became very fond of it."

"In one week I began to feel better. I could eat more and sleep better. My sick headaches were less frequent, and within five months I looked and felt like a new being, headache spells entirely gone."

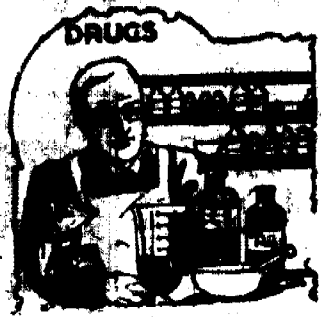
"My health continued to improve and today I am well and strong, weigh 145 lbs. I attribute my present health to the life-giving qualities of Postum." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Wellville," in page.

Postum now comes in two forms: Regular Postum—must be well boiled.

Instant Postum—is a soluble powder. A teaspoonful dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. Grocers sell both kinds.

"There's a Reason" for Postum.





## PRESCRIPTION WORK

is the supreme test of a drug store's character. Our prescription department is run on the principle that your doctor knows what he wants when he writes his directions and that it is our duty to follow them to the very letter. Bring your prescriptions here and you will make the doctor's work surer and quicker.

### Central Drug Store

#### Crawford Avalanche

O. P. Schumann, Editor and Proprietor.

##### SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year.....\$1.50  
Six Months......90  
Three Months......40

Entered as second-class matter at the Postoffice at Grayling, Mich., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, JAN. 22

## Correspondence

### Batterson Corners.

Miss Ruby Batterson has re-entered school.

Mr. Batterson made a business trip to Grayling, Monday.

Floyd Goshorn and family have located at Frederic for the winter.

Miss Bessie Highlen is enjoying a visit with her mother in Frederic.

Clifford Nibbs has been confined to his home with a severe attack of lung fever.

John Tobin, of Grayling, spent a few days in this vicinity selling nursery stock.

Mrs. Nancy Flagg has left for Detroit to spend the remaining winter months with relatives.

Miss Blanche MacKinnon spent a very enjoyable visit with Mrs. Goshorn, of Frederic last Saturday.

Albert Vallad, of Maple Forest, was a pleasant caller at the home of Mr. Batterson, Sunday of this week.

There will be church services at the school house next Sunday afternoon at two o'clock. Everyone is welcome.

### Lovells.

W. S. Brown was in Lewiston on business on Saturday last.

Dr. S. N. Insley was a business caller here, Tuesday morning.

Chas. W. Kuehl visited his ranch near here on Tuesday of this week.

Chas. Miller and his mother spent a few days in Grayling this week.

Geo. F. Owen and F. J. Spencer were in Grayling attending circuit court.

Margaret Douglas is absent from school, being confined to her home with measles.

Wm. Lee of Bay City arrived on Monday for a few days visit at the parental home.

Postmaster M. A. D. Simms was kept unusually busy on Wednesday morning when W. B. Brown brought in 500 letters, pre-emptory for that morning's mail. It almost brought a collapse.

TOMMY.

#### Beaver Creek Breezes.

J. Metteretis visiting his sister, Mrs. Herbert Parker.

Mrs. Gust Resburg is staying with Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Mortensen.

Mrs. Archie Henry returned to her home, Tuesday and the new teacher Raymond Knapp of Houghton Lake took charge of the school.

Mr. and Mrs. Axel Christensen and Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Mortensen, Mr. and Mrs. John Johnson, Mrs. Jens Hansen and Mrs. Archie Henry were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Hanna, Sunday.

A surprise party was arranged by Mrs. Henry Burgess for her mother, Mrs. Freeman, last Saturday evening. About forty neighbors and friends were present. Mrs. Freeman was presented with a set of silver knives and forks; refreshments were served by the ladies and music was furnished by Geo. and Homer Annis for dancing and every one had a good time.

### Frederic.

J. V. Walsh was a business caller in town last week.

George Burke made a business trip to Detroit and Toledo last week.

Mr. Wilton of Gaylord was in town Monday of this week on business.

For the first time this winter the walk and street rollers were out on the job, Monday and Tuesday.

On account of some trouble in the engine room at the Walsh Mfg. Co's plant they are compelled to run only half a crew.

The house which has been occupied for the past two years by A. F. Megger has been purchased by Sandy Harvey, who will remodel it.

H. H. McCalpin, who for the past year has been employed as agent in the M. C. R. R. station here has resigned to accept a promotion. Mr. McCalpin has moved his family to Bay City. Edward V. Barber who for some time has been working at the station as billing clerk will succeed Mr. McCalpin. We are also pleased to know that Ed has received the promotion which he so justly earned.

Last Saturday evening the people of Frederic had the opportunity to see the home team in action for the first time this season, when they lined up against the city team from Vanderbilt and defeated that aggregation by a score of 60 to 4. It was evident from the beginning that the local boys were too fast for the visitors. The Vanderbilt boys were accompanied by Priu. Jennings and F. P. Cummings. Immediately following the game there was a dance given in which both teams took part.

In return for the defeat which our local high school basketball team handed to Roscommon in the game played here January 9th, our boys traveled to that city, January 16th, accompanied by Leo P. Kalahar and C. C. Kitchen and a number of rooters

from the city. The spirit of the victory was so high that the boys enjoyed the game so much that they did not leave the field until the last few minutes of the game could be certain of the outcome. The local boys were greeted at the train by a band of enthusiasts who only seemed to be to show our boys a good time while in that city. This spirit seemed to prevail throughout the town and our boys enjoyed every moment there.

### GOOD FORTUNE FOR CRAWFORD COUNTY.

#### Sale of Xmas Seals Wins Service of Trained Nurse, Free.

Through the efforts of Rev. V. J. Hurton and his Boy scouts, and the hearty support of the Avalauche, and the citizens generally, the sale of Red Cross Xmas seals has been sufficient to entitle the people of Crawford county to the services of an expert trained tuberculosis nurse for a period of one month, entirely without expense to us.

The Michigan Association for the Prevention and Relief of tuberculosis offered to the twelve counties selling the greatest percentage of Red Cross seals, according to their population, the services of one of their expert nurses for this dread disease, for one month.

Everybody entered into the good work—the Boy scouts, who acted as local agents, innated and the business men and citizens generally spent liberally for seals, in the interest of suffering humanity.

The official census gives this county a population of 3934, and the number of seals sold was 3437, which makes a percentage of .873. Crawford county stood ninth on the list. Kent county stood first and Wayne last in the list of twelve prize winners.

Crawford county may well feel proud of the good work she has done this season, for the money raised here will be spent in interest of sufferers. We don't know who, but it is going to help some unfortunate, and that is worthy of our united efforts.

A letter written by Secretary Carol F. Walton, of Ann Arbor, warmly congratulates Crawford county and Rev. Hurton for their success. He says that Miss Tufts will be here with us for one month some time this summer.

### Annual Stockholders Meeting and Outing.

The annual stockholders meeting of the Johannesburg Manufacturing company, was made an occasion of pleasure as well as business. It was held in Johannesburg on Thursday of last week. Manager Frank Michelson was on hand when the special train arrived from Grayling, and escorted the ladies of the party to the club rooms, of that town, where they spent the time pleasantly, while the men met in the office rooms of the company, and wrestled with the business problems of the company.

Instead of finding knotty problems to solve and business complications to adjust, everything was in a flourishing condition. After the reports by the officers and general manager, and a general auditing of the records, everybody was in a cheery mood, and fit to enjoy with the ladies, the elegant banquet that was awaiting them at the club rooms.

After the banquet the company indulged in music and dancing. Some of the ladies were driven to the Thomas Sheridan home for an inspection of this most up-to-date dairy and produce farm. The special train left Johannesburg at four o'clock.

Those from Grayling and other cities who attended the meeting were R. Hanson and wife; Nels Michelson; O. W. Hanson and wife; Esbern Hanson and wife; Mrs. J. K. Hanson; Miss Margarette Hanson; Axel Michelson; Wilhelm Raas and wife; Mrs. Olaf Michelson; Rev. and Mrs. Kjolhede; Mrs. J. B. Woodburn and Mrs. Charles Tromble, all of Grayling; E. J. Cornwall and wife of Saginaw; F. C. Burden and O. W. Hawes of Detroit.

### Farmers' Telephone Co. Holds Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stock holders of the Crawford County Farmers' Telephone Co., was held at the court house, January 20. The financial report of Secretary John B. Carter shows the affairs of this company to be in good condition. Manager Bates reported a net increase of three phones, since assuming the management May 17, 1913.

A proposition was received from M. A. Bates to lease the lines of the company for one year on a dividend basis which proposition was accepted unanimously.

The entire board of directors were re-elected, also the same officers.

A contract was made between the directors and M. A. Bates, who assumes control at once. His experience in telephone affairs together with the mechanical ability of his local manager, J. M. Bunting assures the patrons of this line the very best service to be had on rural lines, the financial affairs of the company will be conducted on business lines and according to the rules and constitution of the company. Rentals collected quarterly.

Time limit of 5 minutes will be enforced.

Non-subscribers will be charged a fee of 10 cents and collected of the subscriber where telephone is used. An observance of the adopted rules of the company can not help but be of mutual advantage to all concerned.

## Historical Column

Conducted by Perry Osterander, Grayling, Mich., to whom all communications should be addressed.

### Sketch of the Life of Albert E. Newman.

Albert E. Newman was born at Plymouth, Wayne County, Mich., October 31, 1836, and in his youth attended the common schools. At the age of 18 he began work in the lumber woods on the Muskegon river, where he cut and hauled the logs to the river, drove them down the Muskegon to Newaygo, helped saw them into lumber, put it onto rafts and ran them to Muskegon.

He then engaged with a U. S. surveyor to go to Clare County on a timber cruise for Rust, Sandburn & Co., of Port Huron. While thus engaged in the backwoods, thickly inhabited by the black and gray timber wolves, catamounts and lynx, (they gave him plenty of music to fall him to sleep) through his own efforts he obtained an excellent knowledge of surveying which he chose as a vocation and has since followed with success.

On November 10, 1861 he was married to Catherine Ricker, and located a homestead in Mecosta County. In 1865 he enlisted in the 15th Michigan volunteers and was mustered out at Little Rock, Ark. with his regiment, after which he returned to the back woods and resumed his old job.

He moved to Grayling, Crawford County, January 6, 1883, and commenced cruising timber for Salling, Hanson & Co., on the frozen snows of a long tedious winter. The work was made much easier by the aid of a pair of Indian-made snow shoes bought of the old historic chief, Shoppe-naggon, of Grayling. While negotiating for them the old chief remarked, "my wife he make um puty good stis kind".

In the course of common events the citizens of Grayling requested him to accept the nomination of supervisor on the people's ticket. But he being of the old Jeffersonian stock succeeded in persuading J. O. Hadley and others to organize a Democratic party and he headed the ticket for supervisor, who with a number of others was elected. Thus becoming the first Democratic supervisor elected in Grayling. He had already served as supervisor for the county from which he came. He also served several terms as county surveyor and is a charter member of Marvin Post, G. A. R., of Grayling; a member of the Masonic lodge and chapter of R. A. M., Grayling.

Now back to the snow shoes, he bought them of the Indian in the winter of 1883 and used them nearly all winter and many winters thereafter. He used them on Drummond island in Canada, and in Minniasota on St. Joseph island he loaned them to a squaw to attend a snow shoe party where she took the prize against 200 competitors. If they could talk they could tell of many a long tramp and of many, many weary legs. In 1903 they were turned over to the writer who placed them in the museum of the pioneer and historical society, at Lansing, where, when last seen, they were resting in a conspicuous place on a mantle prepared expressly for them. May they long rest as a fitting memorial to that hardy class of pioneers who are fast passing away.

Mr. Newman is now located at Medford, Oregon, where in spite of his age he is making good as a civil engineer, a position gained by his own merits. In his own words in a recent letter he says, "the people have chosen me to numerous offices while sojourning in the good old land of Crawford county and now in my old age while I am rambling over the fruit belts and vineyards, agricultural and stock ranches, also the gold fields and mineral hills of the Siskiyous and coast ranges of mountains my mind often turns back to the good old pioneer days in my native state and I wonder at the discontentment of man."

### Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain real estate mortgage, whereby the power of sale therein contained became operative, made Harman D. Zepernick, of Grayling, Michigan, to Joseph C. Burton of Grayling, Michigan, dated October 11th, 1909, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Crawford county, Michigan, on October 11th, 1909, in Liber H of mortgage on page 92 upon which mortgage there is now claimed to be due and unpaid, the sum of one hundred dollars, (\$100.00) principal and twenty-six dollars and five cents (\$26.05) interest, and the further sum of fifteen dollars (\$15.00) as an attorney's fees that is fixed by statute and the stipulation in said mortgage and which is the whole amount claimed to be unpaid on said mortgage, and no suit at law having been instituted to recover the debt on said mortgage or any part thereof, whereby the power of sale in said mortgage has become operative. Now therefore notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale and in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described at public auction to the highest bidder, at the entrance of the front door of the court house, in the city of Grayling, Crawford county, Michigan (that being the place wherein the circuit court for the county of Crawford is held) on the twenty third day of April next at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, which said premises are described as follows, to wit: the northwest quarter (1/4) of the southwest quarter (1/4) of section eleven (11), township twenty-six (26) north, range three (3) west.

Dated Jan. 21st 1914.  
James B. Ross  
Attorney for Mortgagee.  
West Branch, Mich.

## Literary.....

### Conclusions

Being a Series of Domestic Reflections Reported from Occasionally by This Paper by ERNEST C. PUTNER. Copyrighted 1913.

### Domestic Felicity.

Domestic felicity is that peculiar condition into which married life evolves when the grocery bill and relatives get more of the dinner table conversation than clubs and mistresses. It gives the husband permission to use the farm bowl as a cuspidor if he chooses, and assures her it is alright to pare potatoes with his safety razor. It has been known to make life bearable for widowed mother-in-laws and has kept children out of detention homes.

Domestic felicity sticks better in houses where the marriage certificate is framed and hung up, then where it is chucked into a trunk and sent to the attic. It doesn't make much of a hit with society and the neighbors, but it insures a good appetite, prevents wrinkles, and saves attorney fees. It also induces sound sleep, and route nightmare in which less fortunate husbands find themselves murdered and their wives gone with the chauffeur.

This rare gift is usually found among the wedding presents when the bride and groom have a mutual interest in the event, but is almost invariably over-looked when the attraction is staged by a maiden aunt of the leading lady, or by a wealthy uncle of the actor in conventional black.

Domestic felicity has greater stamina in a cosy little home than anywhere else. It can stand a short honeymoon, but always is in danger when abroad. Once affected, it is impaired for life. It can, by careful nursing, be kept alive, but its weakened constitution will be susceptible to every little irritation, and the first headache or soggy biscuit will be very likely to close its eyes in its last long sleep.

We are going to open fifty Branch Clothing Stores in Michigan towns of one thousand inhabitants and up. Preference given to merchants who can divide their floor space with us. \$500.00 cash as security gets a \$1000.00 stock of clothing, with a \$100,000.00 stock to draw from as fast as sizes are sold. Write promptly.  
Francis O. Lindquist Store Co.,  
Greenville, Michigan.

1878

1914

# The Pioneer Store

First Class Goods. Right Prices.

Always Our Motto.

We are Headquarters for

## Groceries and Provisions

Dry Goods,  
Furnishing Goods,  
Shoes, Hardware,  
Flour, Feed,  
Logs, Lumber,  
Shingles,  
Building Material  
of ever kind

## Farm Produce

BOUGHT AT  
Highest Market Price

# Salling, Hanson Co.

Our

# RECORD BREAKING SALE

## Continues.

### Only a Few Days More.

Several days remain in which to take advantage of the greatly reduced prices. As we said in our previous advertising the season has been backward and it leaves us with an unusually large stock for this time of the year, and we have made great reductions in prices in order to avoid carrying goods over until the next season.

# Great Price Reductions

On Everything In Our Store.

Buy Now and Save Money on your

Dry Goods, Clothing, Furnishings,  
Shoes, Hats, Caps, etc.

Our former advertised Cut Prices prevail, and while the stock is greatly reduced, we still have some excellent bargains in staple goods.

Stock Up In Advance? It Will Be  
Money Well Invested.

# A. Kraus & Son

Leading Dry Goods and Clothing Store In Grayling.

## Save 1-4

of Your Fuel Bill

It certainly costs enough to heat your house. Why pay more than is necessary?

## Genuine Gas Coke

at \$7.50 per ton

not only costs nearly 25 per cent LESS than hard coal, but it is actually a better fuel.

Remember that you get TWICE the volume of fuel when you buy GENUINE GAS COKE that you do when you use coal; and that, ton for ton, Genuine Gas Coke actually contains MORE heat units than COAL.

Try a ton. Follow our directions. Be convinced—SAVE THE MONEY. For sale by

## Olaf Sorenson & Sons







# The MARSHAL

By MARY RAYMOND SHIPMAN ANDREWS  
ILLUSTRATIONS BY ELLSWORTH YOUNG

COPYRIGHT 1912 BY BOBBY HERRILL CO.

## SYNOPSIS.

Francois Beaupre, a peasant hero of three years, is the subject of a story in which the author has woven a tale of adventure and romance. The story is set in the village of Viqueux, France, where the emperor had been killed. The boy, who is the son of a peasant, is the only one who has not been killed. He is the only one who has not been killed. He is the only one who has not been killed.

## CHAPTER V.—Continued.

"Tious! We will play again for another bottle," he announced with a bit of swagger. He was conscious of a right to spend silver in treating his friends, with that fat purse in his pocket.

"No," spoke the stranger—Duplessis, he had said his name was. "No, I am drunk enough. However, if you feel sensitive at taking the small sum of money at my hands—it is a good game—La rams—let us play for the franc which the bottle would cost. Eh, tious?"

Again they played, this time doubling the amount, and again Francois gained, and again and again, till he felt ashamed in carrying away all this money of a new acquaintance, and at the same time a cock-sureness that so lucky a devil as Beaupre might well lose a little and stop at the right amount. The excitement of cards and excitement of wine met in a heady mixture; Duplessis drank little, though Francois urged it on him. The luck began to change; now and then Beaupre, yet more often now the stranger, till at length Francois was playing not with the desire to lose, but with a hope to gain back something at least of the considerable sum which he had lost. Before this he had gone into his pocket and brought out that honorable nine hundred francs, and had thrown one louis d'or after another on the black table, and lost one after another. Yet his confidence was still strong—luck would turn—this was his lucky day. And now he would regret carrying away the stranger's money. He began to feel a fierce eagerness to get the better of this antagonist became so formidable. And a horrible nervousness was creeping over him at the dim vision of a thought—a thought kept resolutely on the confines of his consciousness, yet persistently pushing forward—the thought that it might be that he could not win the money back.

"Double!" he shouted promptly as he lost again.

And he lost again. The nine hundred francs were gone; he gave a note now, on his stock, and again he lost. A deathly sickening sensation had gripped him and was holding him.

In silence, with a crowd of silent men, who in some way had come to know what was happening, standing about them, he played the last round. And Francois lost.

In silence he signed the note which gave to the stranger his house and furniture and land, all that he had in the world.

## CHAPTER VI.

## Work and Hope.

The next day a sheriff and his clerk came and fixed red seals to the house and to everything in it which looked, and Claire watched in a deep quiet, the baby in her arms.

Something had been said already of sending the children to this or that uncle or aunt—there would in a short time be no home and no living for them until the broken father could gather himself and begin again. Little Francois resolved that he would not go. He would stay with his father and prove that eleven was not too young to make money. As he stood watching the sheriff who moved gloomily about his unwelcome duty he was aware of a horse's hoofs beating down the road, and he turned. In the midst of his grief it was interesting to see

the nine hundred francs were gone. The Baron-General Gourgand coming on his bay mare Leslie. The general drew up beside him and looked at him sternly.

"Where is your father?" he shot at him, and threw a leg over and vaulted off and flung the mare's reins to the lad, and swung into the great entry and through the open door into the cottage.

Francois, though broken-hearted, was not eleven, and it was a proud thing to hold the seigneur's horse and please to see the spirited beast pass the earth as he held her. It was so enchanted with this occupation that he forgot his bruised life and his lost career entirely. For fifteen minutes he forgot, and the other children gathered around him, and he ordered them away from the horse and fell himself

its guardian and an important person, with complete satisfaction. And at that out of the house came the seigneur, big and black-browed and solid of build, and with him that broken-hearted father whose face recalled all the tragedy.

"Francois," his father spoke, more gently than ever he had spoken before. "I have taken your future from you, my son. The seigneur wishes to give it back. He wishes to make you his child. Your mother consents—and I—consent." His father's arm was about his neck. The general's abrupt voice took up the statement.

"Will you come and live with me in the chateau, Monsieur the Marshal?" he demanded roughly, kindly. "I will treat you as a son—you shall learn to ride a horse and shoot a gun and be a soldier. You shall fit yourself for the part which you know must be played one day. Will you come?"

For a moment it seemed to Francois that heaven had opened and a miracle



The Little Figure Had Sprung Up, and Stood, Threatening.

of joy came down; then it flashed to his mind that this dazzling gift had a price. With a whole soul Francois cast away the brilliant dream and hardly felt an effort.

"I thank you a thousand times, my seigneur," he answered with decision. "I cannot go with you. I must stay and work for my father and my mother."

There was silence for a minute in the sunny garden; the children had wandered away; the men did not speak; one heard only the more Li-elette whom Francois held, who stamped her light forefoot and whinnied impatiently. Then the general's grave voice sounded, more gravely than ever.

"Francois Beaupre, you own a fine lad," he threw at the drooping peasant. "I would like to have him for mine. Since I cannot, I shall try at least to be his friend. Monsieur the Marshal, it must be as you say. But come to see me at the chateau soon. I shall have things to talk over with you."

On a morning Francois was busy at the new garden, digging beds for the plants which the neighbors had eagerly given them, and which, put in the ground now, in the autumn, would rise above them in bright next spring.

Into this contentment came, galloping loudly, hoof beats of a horse. The busy spade, several times too big, stopped, and Francois leaned his chin on the handle, the boy out of drawing for the tool. The general stopped, which was a heavenly surprise to Francois each time that it happened.

"Good morning, marshal. Will you ask your mother if I may speak to her?"

"Mother, mother, the seigneur wishes you," Francois whispered pleadingly, but Claire was already on the little front walk by the new garden.

In a moment she stood at the gate in her fresh calico dress, with a white fichu over her head, and the big man towered and growled sentences friendly. Then the general trotted with hissing stirrups down the village street and Claire stood with eyes following for a moment.

"What did the seigneur say, my mother?" Francois demanded. "Did he say I might come to the chateau tomorrow? May I? Am I to know what the general said, my mother?"

After his father came home to dinner he knew. He was to go each morning to the chateau and do work in copying for the general. The general was writing a book, nothing less than a history of Napoleon himself. The boy's great dream eyes glowed.

So the little lad, in his clean, patched, peasant clothes, went up to the chateau the next morning serious and important, and was given a table and a corner in the library and words to copy which thrilled his soul.

Often the general talked to him. "Eh bien, there, the marshal!" would come thundering from the great table across the room; and the scribe would drop his pen and scuttle over the dim white place.

"Yes, Monsieur the Seigneur. I am here."

"Listen then, my soldier. I am uncertain if this that I have written is of importance. It is interesting to me, because Gaspard Gourgand was there, yet I do not wish to ram Gaspard Gourgand down a reader's throat."

Francois squatted on a stool exactly in front of the general, with his knees together and his elbows on them, his chin in the hollow of his hands. His eyes were glued on the general's face. In a deep voice the general read. It was an account of that world-tragedy, the retreat from Moscow. First came a list of regiments and of officers, with detailed accounts of early service in both; it was exact, accurate. For five minutes the general read this; then his black eyebrows lifted and he glared over the paper.

"You find it interesting?" he demanded. Francois, lips compressed, shook his head firmly. "No, my Seigneur. Not at all."

"I agree with you," the general said, and sorted the papers over and laid some away. Selecting a sheet or two, he began to read again.

"Over the frozen roads the worn army still trudged; every form of misery trudged with them. Hunger was there, and cold, and suffering of wounds, and suffering of lack of clothing; more than this, there was the constant dread of attack from flying bands of Cossacks. From time to time frightful explosions made one turn one's head—it was the caissons exploded by order of the Emperor that they might no longer encumber us. The snow fell. The Emperor marched on foot with us. Staff in hand, wrapped in a large loose cloak, a furred Russian cap on his head, he walked in the midst of his household, encouraging with a word, with a smile, every one who came near him."

"There were many adventures which showed the souls of men shining through the nightmare of this horrible time. Many noble deeds were done, many heart-breaking ones. One which was both happened to me. There was an Italian officer in the corps under Prince Eugene, who had been my comrade when I was on the staff of Lannes; his name was Zappi—the Marquis Zappi. On the day after the dreadful passing of the Beresina River, I suddenly felt my strength go—I could walk no longer. A sick loathing seized me, and I groaned and dragged my heavy feet forward, to stay with my friends even a few steps more. And with that an arm was around me suddenly, and I heard Zappi's quiet voice.

"Keep up your courage, comrade; we are going to see our homes yet," he said. "I shall take care of you. Look—and I looked, and he had a sword with fur robes on it. I never knew where he got it—from some deserted Russian house, I suppose. I put me on the sledge and wrapped me in the furs and gave me brandy from his flask. For Zappi had done a clever thing. He had made a bargain with some Jesuits near Polotsk, where he had camped for a while, that his men should cut and beat the wheat necessary on condition that he should have a part of the brandy for them. He had kept some of his share yet, and it saved my life that day, the brandy of the monks of Polotsk."

"There was a thick fog several days later, and out of it, and out of the wood we must pass, rushed with wild cries a cloud of mounted Cossacks across the road within twenty paces of the Emperor himself. But General Rapp dashed forward at the head of two mounted squadrons of chasseurs

and grenadiers of the guard who always followed the Emperor, and the Cossacks were put to flight. I was in charge; I was serving temporarily in the place of one of Rapp's officers, because, on account of my late weakness, it was thought well that I should be on horseback. So it happened that as the skirmish finished, I saw coming toward me a figure in a fur coat and cap, brandishing a Cossack lance—rushing toward the Emperor. I dashed down on the mad Cossack, as I thought him, and passed my great sabre through his body. And the man fell, and as he fell the fur cap went off and he groaned and looked up at me with dying eyes—it was Zappi."

"Ah!" The little figure had sprung up and stood, fists clenched, threatening. One would have thought it was this second that the general had said Zappi.

"May I live a moment?" the general inquired. "Till I explain. Zappi did not die."

"Ah!" again. And Francois stank relieved on the stool, yet with stern eyes still on the general's face. The general laid the papers aside.

"Not he. He had seized the lance from a Russian whom he had killed—it was most imprudent, especially in the dress he wore, which did not show the French uniform underneath. It was my turn then to play ruse. He was placed in one of the carriages of the Emperor, and I cared for him as my own brother, and he came through it all, and went back to Italy, to his home."

The general's deepest eyes were gazing now above Francois' head out through the narrow window where the boy's table stood, across the mountain slope, to the blue distance.

"Alessandro, my friend," he spoke in his gruff tones, yet softly, "shall we see each other again? So close through that black time, so far apart now in the peace of our homes! Those warm hands which cared for me when

I was freezing and dying in Russia—I shall touch them perhaps never again, never again!"

## CHAPTER VII.

The Crown of Friendship. In the claw-footed, carved, old mahogany desk of a Virginia house, in a drawer where are packets of yellowed letters tied up and labeled, is a letter written years later, referring to this bit of the chronicle of Francois Beaupre could not be told so vividly as in these words of Francois written from his prison. He begins with the account of an adventure, of a ride for life.

"So, dear Alize," he finishes this—the detailed story of his capture—"down went the poor horse, and over his head I spun into the ditch with a bump on the skull which dazed me. And when I came to there were the heavy Austrians around me, gazing to see the Prince. And only Francois Beaupre to see, which they found out pretty promptly, as I have told you before, and also how I defied them."

"In a great danger they say one thinks more clearly than usual—one's mind works with smoothness and at leisure. It was so during that ride, for I followed out as I dashed along, hearing the shouts of the men back of me, the whole train of circumstances from one of those mornings with Coq in the park, to this adventure of life and death. It was the morning—you will know before I say it—when Jean Philippe Moisson, in his lovely purple clothes, came mingling down the gravel drive, as if afraid of spilling his good wine. I think he was—to the seigneur, who taught us to ride Coq. Do you remember how your father thundered at him?"

"A strange monsieur to see me? Impossible! I am engaged. Tell him I will not see him."

"And Jean Philippe smiling, for all of them understood the seigneur, and saying gently, 'Yes, my Seigneur,' turned away with the message. And your father shouted after him: 'Stop! Come back here! What do you mean by that? Bring the monsieur to me.' And the purple clothes disappeared and appeared again in a few minutes gleaming in the sun against the gray old walls—I can see it all now, Alize—like a large violet blossom of a strange flower. And behind him Philippe was a tall man in a long traveling cloak, and behind him a tall little boy. And as they came the seigneur turned to go to meet them, and stopped and stared. And the monsieur in the cloak stopped and stared; and you, mounted on Coq, and I, holding Coq's bridle, watched curiously, because of the other child, and we saw how the seigneur suddenly began to shake as if ill, and then with a hoarse shout rushed to the tall man and threw his arms about him and held him, and sobbed aloud. That was a strange thing to see the seigneur do, and I never forgot it. And to think that the child who stood there, shy and unknown, was Pietro! It seems unreasonable that over three years ago I should remember it, but I did not know one another well."

"As I rode that day, with the Austrians after me, I thought out the whole chain of events; how Pietro had come and had stayed while his father, the marquis, went to America, and had fitted into our life and become dear to us, the big, beautiful, silent lad. And how then, because of the death of the marquis, Pietro had come under the charge of your father, the seigneur, and how he and I went away together to the military school, always more and more like brothers and—all the rest. I need not recite those things to you, yet I like to do it. My thoughts, in that wild dangerous moment, seemed to go in detail through all, from the morning that the violet blossom of a strange flower, and behind him Philippe was a tall man in a long traveling cloak, and behind him a tall little boy. And as they came the seigneur turned to go to meet them, and stopped and stared. And the monsieur in the cloak stopped and stared; and you, mounted on Coq, and I, holding Coq's bridle, watched curiously, because of the other child, and we saw how the seigneur suddenly began to shake as if ill, and then with a hoarse shout rushed to the tall man and threw his arms about him and held him, and sobbed aloud. That was a strange thing to see the seigneur do, and I never forgot it. And to think that the child who stood there, shy and unknown, was Pietro! It seems unreasonable that over three years ago I should remember it, but I did not know one another well."

"The rest of the letter belongs to a later part of the story. That little Pietro Zappi should be led into the narrative by the hand of his closest friend was the object for which the letter was introduced, and that accomplished, the course of history bends back to the quiet Valley of Dolesmontes and the children growing up under the shadows of the castle towers."

The general, sitting in his library the morning after the arrival, brooded in the quiet letter stared at his old friend from under his heavy brows as if trying vigorously to convince himself of his presence. The marquis, an Italian of North Italy, tall and proud and quiet, had the air more of a student than of a soldier. A little the air, also, of an invalid, for he stooped and walked languidly, and a cough caught him at times. He was talking, on that morning in the library, while the general listened; it was not the usual order of things.

"So you see, Gaspard," the marquis went on in his quiet reticent way, "that I have believed in our old friendship. I have taken for granted a welcome from my boy—I could not have done it with another man. The voyage to America and my stay there will last it may be a year. I have brought Pietro to leave him with you if you will have him."

This old officer of Napoleon had, after all his battles and killings, the simplicity and the heart of his own little girl. But he cleared his throat hurriedly with a bravado of carelessness, and before the marquis could do more than smile at him wistfully, he went on:

"It is all settled; there was no need of a word; Pietro is my son till you

claim him from me, and glad enough I am to get him for as long as I may. I have a lien on a very good manner of boy already, young Francois Beaupre, whom I wished to adopt, but the lad would not give up his parents. And that makes me more eager for another. They will play better together and work better together, and they will be a good brace of brothers for my Alize."

"Your Alize," the marquis spoke reflectively. "She is a charming person, that little woman of yours."

"Alessandro, shall I tell you what flashed into my head before you and Pietro had been here an hour?"

"What then?"

"I saw the children—your boy and my girl—together as if lifelong playmates over the big books in the window-seat there, and it came to me that it would be a joy to crown one's life if—later on—"

He stopped and gazed inquiringly at the calm blue eyes which met his.

"Yes, Monsieur the Marquis, Always," the marquis answered quickly. "It would be that—the crown of our friendship, if some day they might love each other."

CHAPTER VIII.

For Always. Claire listened with serious calm eyes as her son told his story when he came home on the day of the new arrival at the castle.

"The great gentleman has come who once saved our seigneur's life!" she repeated after Francois. "And the seigneur is glad. Of course he is glad, my Francois. And you ought to be glad, too, and grateful to that gentleman because of all the good things our seigneur has done for you and which would not have happened, assuredly, if Monsieur the Marquis had not saved him. You should do everything that is possible for Monsieur the Marquis to show your gratitude."

Next morning the little brown figure which trudged through the beech wood was brightened by a large and vivid bouquet held in his two hands. When the tap of Francois at the library door, where one heard men's voices talking, had brought the general's loud command of "Entrez," the little brown figure and the large bunch of flowers came in together and the boy marched straight to the stately Italian. Snapping his heels together as his mother had taught him he made a stiff deep bow, and presented his nosegay. The marquis, a little astonished at this attention, received it with grave courtesy but without much cordiality; it seemed to him rather an odd whim of Gourgand's to have this peasant child about as one of his own family.

But Francois did not know that; to him all the world was kindly, with different manners of hindliness. The manner of the marquis was graver than other people's, perhaps—what then? The kindness was undoubtedly

much power in suggestion. Extends to the Curing of Physical Ills If One Will Persevere in Treatment.

By the method known as "suggestion," it is possible (according to a medical writer) not only to perform the simple experiment of waking oneself at a given hour in the morning, but also to banish all minor physical ailments and even to correct faults in the character.

Just as in the first instance the experimenter before going to sleep at night makes a mental request to himself that he shall awake at a certain time on the following morning, so in more important matters he suggests to himself a condition of health or a method of conduct.

To take two instances. Supposing you suffer from insomnia, you focus your whole attention upon the repetition four times a day of a given formula. Thus you may say to yourself that you trouble no more about the matter, merely repeating the statement at intervals. In two or three days at most the effect—according to the authority—will be felt in sound slumbers.

Much the same process is adopted

ly there below the gravity. And it was this monsieur who had saved the life of the seigneur; that, after all, was the whole matter. Francois waited a little time thinking of other people's feelings toward himself. He was much too busy with a joyful wonder of his own at the ever new goodness of his world. To the marquis, who hardly noticed him, he proceeded to constitute himself a shadow. At the first sign of a service to be done he was up and at it; always quicker, always more intelligent than the footman.

"You have thrown a charm over my boy Francois, Alessandro," the general said, well pleased. And the marquis answered thoughtfully:

"It is a boy out of the common. I believe, Gaspard. At first I thought it a mistake that you should raise a child of his class to the place you have given him, but I see that you understand what you are about. He is worthy of a good fate."

The day came when, on the next morning, the Marquis Zappi was due to start on his long journey to America. Out on the lawn, in the shadow of the beech trees he sat and watched his son playing ball with little Alize. Then he was aware of Francois standing before him. The boy held something in his closed hand, and with that he opened his fingers and stretched it to the marquis. The marquis looked inquiringly at the yellow metal.

"What is this?" he asked; he was prepared now to be surprised by this boy about once in so often, so he simply suspended judgment at a thing unexpected.

"It is for you, Monsieur the Marquis," Francois smiled radiantly and continued to present the ten-franc piece. "It is my own; the seigneur gave it to me on my birthday, and my father said it was to be mine to do with as I chose. I choose to give it to you, Monsieur the Marquis. So that you may have plenty of money—I know well what it is not to have enough money."

The brown hat was outstretched, the gold piece glittering in it, and still the marquis stared speechless. Never in his life had any one presumed to offer him money. He looked up at the face of the little peasant; it shone with peace and good will; he put out his hand and took the gold piece and looked at it a long minute, and drew a leather case from his pocket and placed it within carefully, and put it away.

"Thank you, Francois," said the marquis. And then he considered again the shining little face. "Why have you done this, Francois?" he asked. "Why do you always—do so much for me?"

"That thing in Russia, for my seigneur. When you saved the life of my seigneur."

"Oh," said the marquis and stared down at the boy anxiously explaining. "I have been afraid that I could never show you how I thanked you for the life of my seigneur. But I will do more. I will be a friend of Pietro. He is six months younger than I, I can teach him how to climb and how to fight and how to take care of himself. And I will, because of that thing you did. Because, too, I think well of Pietro and besides because of your kindness to me."

"My kindness to you?"

"Yes, Monsieur the Marquis—because you have been so kind to me."

And the marquis, in the silence of his soul, was ashamed.

The next day he went. As they stood, gathered in the big carved doorway, he told them all goodby and lifted his boy and held him without a word. As he set him down he turned toward the carriage, but in a flash he turned back as if by a sudden inspiration, and laid a hand on little Francois' shoulder.

"You will remember that you promised to be a friend to Pietro, Francois?"

"Yes, Monsieur the Marquis, always," the child answered gravely.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Many Children are Healthy. Mother gives a Sweet Powder for Children Break up Colds in 24 hours, relieve Feverishness, Headaches, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, soothe and regulate the bowels, and destroy Worms. They are so pleasant to take children like them. Used by mothers for 25 years. At all druggists, etc. Sample mailed FREE. Address: A. B. C. Co., 100 N. 2nd St., Phila.

Superb John D. An efficiency engineer was talking about presence of mind. "For presence of mind," he said, "nobody can equal John D." "When John D. lived in Cleveland his next door neighbor said to him one morning: 'Smith's cow got in my garden yesterday and ate a lot of grass and flowers.' 'Yes,' said John D. 'It got in my garden, too. I milked it to the value of the damage done, and then drove it out.'"

No girl really loves a man without feeling an irresistible impulse to boss him around.

A kodak camera takes pictures and money.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets, small, sugar-coated, easy to take as candy, regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Do not gripe. Adv.

A kodak camera takes pictures and money.

Logansport, Ind.—"My baby was over a year old and I bloated till I was a burden to myself. I suffered from female trouble so I could not stand on my feet and I felt like millions of needles were pricking me all over. At last my doctor told me that all that would save me was an operation, but this I refused."

I told my husband to get me a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I would try it before I would submit to any operation. He did so and I improved right along. I am now doing all my work and feeling fine."

"I hope other suffering women will try your Compound. I will recommend it to all I know."—Mrs. DANIEL D. B. DAVIS, 110 Franklin St., Logansport, Ind.

Since we guarantee that all testimonials which we publish are genuine, it is not fair to suppose that if Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has the virtue to help these women it will help any other woman who is suffering in a like manner?

If you are ill do not drag along until an operation is necessary, but at once take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

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## DOCTORING A PROFITLESS FARM

By GEORGE H. DACY



Preparing the Ground by Taking Out All the Old Roots.

If you were a countryman whose farm was not paying very well and an agricultural expert came along and said: "Let me show you how you can double and triple your present income; if the man looked sane and intelligent, you would doubtless jump at the chance. Furthermore, if he made good on his assertion he would win your everlasting gratitude and perhaps you would recompense him with a little cash bonus. Now this is just the opportunity that the farm management department of the Missouri Agricultural college is offering to the farmers of the 'show me' state.

The department says: "Ask for our aid and we will show you how to turn your sickly bank accounts and how to increase the profits of every branch of your farm." Even the most skeptical who, to begin with, made fun of the proposition have been silenced because the Missouri farm management department has made good on all its assertions.

Today some 500 local farmers are annually recording greater profits on the credit side of their ledgers as a result of following the advice and plans mapped out for them by the department.



An experiment in growing cow peas with corn on one of the demonstration farms. The peas will fatten from six to 10 western lambs at a profit of \$10 per acre.

The department was organized in 1906 under the direction of Prof. W. J. Spillman of the United States department of agriculture, and F. B. Mumford, dean of the Missouri Agricultural college. For four years its work was confined to an accurate study of local farm conditions—a resume of the knotty problems of the Missouri farmer and how he could be best aided in solving them.

Then when the force was thoroughly conversant with the "star boarder" farms of the state and had planned an efficient campaign whose object was to eradicate the evil features of the unprofitable farm, they offered to help the general farmer re-map his system of management, his crop rotations, his methods of marketing his produce, and to adapt his line of farming to the region in which he resided.

Confidence in Organization Grows.

It was a case of "first come, first served," and after these business management doctors had cured a few severe cases of "loafers" farms and made them profitable and more productive, applications requesting aid came in

like hot cakes from countrymen in all portions of the state.

As an illustration of what these expert farm managers could accomplish in rehabilitating a good farm which was run down, due to mismanagement, take the case of "Jim" Brown, who was considered one of the best farmers in



Removing With Dynamite Some of the Largest Roots.

his district; yet he, on the quiet, appended to the department for aid. A representative visited the farm and found it apparently in good condition, supplied with good buildings, and annually yielding bumper crops of grain and roughage, 30 bushels of wheat, 50 bushels of corn and two tons of hay to the acre.

It was a different story, however, when the expert examined the live stock. The dairy cows were scrubs of the worst variety, with staring coats and every rib showing, and with udders not larger than a man's two fists.

The swine and horses were also inferior specimens of twentieth century live stock, while the supply of farm machinery was in no sense modern and efficient. Here was a case of a countryman who was exerting all his energies toward the production of profitable crops, only to feed them to unprofitable live stock.

From 12 cows he obtained only enough milk to supply the need of his family of six persons. The department showed him where the leak was, and explained to him how he could harmonize all his operations and render his farm more fertile and profitable by maintaining better live stock. He acceded to their advice and today is gaining a profitable livelihood and yearly fattening his bank account under a standardized system of management.

Farmers Take Kindly to the Plan.

The popularity of this movement to rejuvenate sick farms increased to such an extent that a year ago the department organized the Missouri Farm Management association, the pioneer society of its character in America, the members being recruited from among the ranks of the owners of unprofitable farms who desired to nurse all the operations on their acreages back to a wage-earning condition.

The object of this association was to organize and combine the farmers of Missouri who were interested in practical system of farm management. It aided the department in so much as the countrymen who needed and wanted help were centralized in the organization, while it aided the farmers in so far as the department experts promised to visit and replan each place in turn. Two hundred earnestly interested farmers joined the society the first year, while at present the enrollment is double that number. Each countryman pays \$1.25 membership fee—the

funds being used to aid the department in its work.

After his farm has been inspected by the department, in case a member of the society follows out the suggestions of the experts (although he is not in any way bound to carry out these suggested changes) he becomes a co-operator. The majority of the co-operators adhere strictly to the advice of the department.

Each year the department selects the best co-operative farm in each county and makes it a demonstration farm which conducts local experimental work under the direction of the experts. In the case of the demonstration farm, the department assumes the initiative and devotes as much attention to the place as is necessary to make it pre-eminently successful, and spares no pains in assisting the operators of these farms to bring them to the highest possible state of fertility and to the maximum point of profitability.

On the other hand, co-operator must take the initiative in all phases of his work, although he receives aid and assistance from the department experts when he stumbles onto a knotty problem. At present there are 75 co-operative and five demonstration farms in the state, and each summer, public meetings are held on the places of the demonstrators, where typical and illustrative results have been obtained.

Farmers from all parts of the country are invited to attend these meetings at which prominent agricultural experts and authorities on farm management discuss the various lines of farming practiced in Missouri. At noon, a basket lunch is served by the ladies of the county in which the gathering is held, and in the afternoon the expert farm managers could accomplish in rehabilitating a good farm which was run down, due to mismanagement, take the case of "Jim" Brown, who was considered one of the best farmers in



Removing With Dynamite Some of the Largest Roots.

These meetings have been fittingly termed "Show Me Institutes on Legs," and are really regular motion picture shows minus the nickel.

Woman's Work Included in "Doctoring."

While the men are busy with their field study, their wives under the direction of an expert in home economics occupy themselves with the problems of the farmhouse. Efficient methods of replanning the home, home decoration, modern methods of cooking, the elimination of wastes and the utilization of byproducts, handy aids in the kitchen, and the beautification of the farm yard are explained and discussed in detail.

The woman expert in charge of this work occupies herself throughout the year in visiting and remapping the systems of home-management practiced by the housewives who request her aid. She is a sort of a traveling home economics department which



Getting Things Ready.

works according to the theory that if you cannot bring the farmer's wife to the college then take the college and science to the kitchen of the housewife.

She plans out the management of each home as practically and systematically as the home pocketbook will permit.

The Missouri farm management department also maintains a farm accounting branch which teaches the

state farmers how to maintain a practical and business-like system of records and accounts.

One Missouri farmer last winter lost \$300 on work stock alone, due to the fact that he had more animals than he could keep busy. It is really a question of each farmer studying out how many head of animals he can profitably maintain, and then not exceeding this number. The same thing is true of the scrub cows which eat up the profits of the other farm departments.

The work of the Missouri farm management department is state-wide in scope and is efficient in solving the problems of the five-acre farm, the 500-acre farm, or the farm whose owner merely desires to keep the wolf from the door, or to save his place from being burdened with a mortgage.

In a word, the department is devoting just as much attention and study to replanting an unprofitable ten-acre truck or fruit farm as it is to remodeling an 8,000-acre stock farm.

The Concrete Examples. Among the practical results which the department has obtained in its first aid work to the farmers is the case of a 140-acre farm which, the first year it was worked, yielded ten bushels of corn, 15 bushels of potatoes, and one-fourth of a ton of hay to the acre.

The managerial experts recommended the use of better seed, the fall distribution of 15 tons of manure to the acre, and modern methods of culture; this farmer followed these directions and the second year afterwards he harvested 40 bushels of corn, one and three-quarter tons of hay, and 100 bushels of potatoes to the acre on the fields on which these crops were grown.

He was a man of very limited capital and the season he requested departmental assistance his assets amounted to \$2,000, while his liabilities totaled \$1,800. At the end of the second year following, he was out of all danger of debt and had a tiny sum stored away in the bank.

Another notable illustration of managerial efficiency resulted where a hog raiser on a rough, 100-acre farm shifted his troubles to the shoulders of the expert managers who set him right on his feeding system and got him to study market conditions and requirements, so that he last year realized \$1,200 from the sale of his swine, whereas previously his high mark for hogs for a single year was \$500.

Although ordinary work stock are not supposed to yield much of an annual profit another farmer cleared \$300 in one year from his work animals subsequent to consulting with the department experts who advised him to decrease the number of work animals which he kept and to work the horses and mules more during the winter.

A city man, inexperienced in farming, struggled along for five years just about making ends meet and then he employed the assistance of the farm experts who diagnosed his troubles as a poor rotation, the use of scrub seed and the under-feeding of his market animals.

He followed their directions, improving his methods, and now is gaining a profitable return from his made-to-order farm.

The farm has materially gained in fertility, it has increased in annual crop production, and this year it paid off its back indebtedness and begins a new season with a clean slate.

Indian Legend of Interest.

When the Creek or Muskogee Indians adopted into their tribe the remnants of other tribes which were nearly extinct many superstitions were found among them. One of these tribes was the Tuckabatches. The legends of the Creeks state that the Tuckabatches brought with them seven plates, the origin and object of which have puzzled scientific men for centuries. The Tuckabatches claim that these plates were given them by their ancestors. They were not to be handled by all persons, only by particular men, and those chosen

alone, wearing a very long skirt, and plowing her way slowly towards the summit. They could hardly believe their eyes, for the climb is no child's play, and both watched in horror, expecting every moment to see her fall. They dared not call to her, for fear of frightening and causing her to slip.

Hurrying as fast as they could, they caught her up, and found she was an American. Mr. Grande asked her what brought her there, and she answered that she had followed the path marked in the guide book, and that she meant to come down by the sleighs.

"Sleighs?" asked Mr. Grande, much puzzled. She pulled out the guide book, and showed the following sentence: "The descent (two and one-half hours) may be considerably curtailed by glissades down three snow-slopes."

Mr. Grande quietly explained that this meant coming down on one's own feet, with mountaineering boots and an ice ax to regulate the speed, or to stop altogether, if necessary; and his explanation not only surprised but frightened her badly. The end of it was that Mr. Grande had practically to carry the foolish woman down for a matter of 2,000 feet.

Robbers Fortify a Bank.

Bold Bandits Build Wire Defence Before Blowing Safe of Concern.

Charlotte, N. C.—Robbers blew the safe in the bank at Ellenboro, a small town 50 miles west of here, and took \$2,900, leaving \$170 behind. Citizens say nine explosions were heard.

One man approached the bank upon hearing the explosions, and was driven back at the muzzle of guns. The robbers constructed a defense of heavy wire fencing in front of the bank. The vault was demolished.

Blowhounds traced the men to Henricetta, a small station several miles away, where it is believed they escaped by automobile.

Fairy Tales Continued.

Red Ridinghood grew up and married a rich man. The other day she came back from Europe. Instead of red ridinghood she wore an immense imported hat and her hairnets were seized by the custom officers. Was not that exciting?

Cinderella's after life was humdrum. Her married life was more or less happy and she had many children. She uses the glass slipper now to spank them with.—Louisville Courier Journal.

## TRAGEDIES OF ALPS

Many Lives Lost in Attempting Their Ascent.

Death Toll Averages Between Sixty and Seventy Per Year—Dangerous Climb of an American Woman Related.

London.—"High places are homes of ancient worship. Ascent is a consecrated type of labor with an exceeding great reward."

So wrote the late Mr. Donald Robertson in the Alpine Journal. And he, one of the finest climbers, who had traveled the Alps from end to end, was killed about four years ago while leading a party up a comparatively insignificant Welsh mountain.

Most mountaineering accidents occur in Switzerland, and the death-roll of the Alps has now risen to an average of between 60 and 70 yearly, while another 300 people are more or less seriously injured. In one year (1900), the number of the killed was no less than 119.

Examine the published statistics of these accidents, and two points strike you. First, that comparatively few of the tragedies recorded occur at great heights or in notoriously difficult places; secondly, that a large majority of the victims are women or very young men.

A third point is that in 92 per cent. of cases they were climbing without guides. The fact is that ignorance or recklessness account for by far the greater number of Alpine accidents. People who have, perhaps, never climbed before in their lives start out to ascend mountains with which they are totally unacquainted. In most cases they are physically unfit for the severe exertion entailed by climbing, and very often they are not properly clothed or equipped for the expedition.

An instance in point is given by Mr. Julian Grande, a well-known member of the Alpine club. Accompanied by a friend, he was climbing the Schilthorn, a respectable peak of about 10,000 feet in the Bernese Oberland. At a great height, he noticed in the snow the track of a small boot, evidently a lady's. This was sufficiently astonishing, but the amazing point was that there were no signs of nails in the boots.

As they approached the summit they suddenly caught sight of a woman



In Perilous Situation.

alone, wearing a very long skirt, and plowing her way slowly towards the summit. They could hardly believe their eyes, for the climb is no child's play, and both watched in horror, expecting every moment to see her fall. They dared not call to her, for fear of frightening and causing her to slip.

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## Are Your Hands Tied?

by a chronic disease common to women—Rheumatism. You feel dull—headache? Back-ache, pains here and there—Stiffness or swelling of the joints? There's nothing you can accomplish—nothing you can enjoy—There's no good reason for it—because you can find permanent relief in



DR. PIERCE'S Favorite Prescription

Mrs. Francis E. Hunt, of Bryant, Nelson Co., Va., writes: "I believe I had every pain and ache a woman could have, my back was weak, and I could not sleep at night. Suffered with nervousness and could not sleep at night. Suffered with nervousness in my right hip, and every month would have spells and have to stay in bed. I have taken four bottles of your Favorite Prescription, and now I feel like a new woman. I can now do my work for six in a family, and feel like a new woman. I think it is the best medicine in the world for women. I recommend it to all my friends and many of them have been greatly benefited by it."

DR. PIERCE'S PLEASANT PELLETS Relieve Liver Bile

For DISTEMPER Pink Eye, Erysipelas, Shingles, Fever, and Catarrhal Fever

Spohn Medical Co., Chemists and Apothecaries, Indianapolis, Ind., U. S. A.

Solid Appreciation. "Did the count promise to love Miss Millions forever?"

"No; for her money."—Cornell Widow.

Putnam Fadeless Dyes do not stain the kettle. Adv.

Looking for Him. Patience—She says she's been hunting for a fat all day.

Patrice—Why, is her husband missing?

Red Cross Ball Blue, all blue, best bluing value in the whole world, makes the laundry smile. Adv.

Significant. Miss Elsie De Wolfe, commenting on a tea in New York on the engagement to her mother's French maid of a young man belonging to a rich old Knickerbocker family, said:

"Marriages of that type are seldom happy. They turn out like the boot-maker's."

Miss DeWolfe, smilingly resumed: "A retired bootmaker, who had married his servant as his second spouse, was once asked by a friend how he was getting on. His significant reply was:

"Soles make stiff uppers."

SCALP TROUBLE FOR YEARS

268 Harrison St., Elyria, Ohio.—"My case was a scalp trouble. I first noticed small bunches on my scalp which commenced to itch and I would scratch them and in time they got larger, forming a scale or scab with a little pus, and chunks of hair would come out when I would scratch them off. It caused me to lose most of my hair. It became thin and dry and lifeless. I was troubled for over ten years with it until it got so bad I was ashamed to go to a barber to get my hair cut."

"I tried everything I could get hold of, but received no cure until I commenced using Cuticura Soap and Ointment when the scale commenced to disappear. The way I used the Cuticura Soap and Ointment was to wash my scalp twice a day with warm water and Cuticura Soap and rub on the Cuticura Ointment. I received benefit in a couple of weeks and was cured in two months."

(Signed) F. J. Busher, Jan. 28, 1913.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free with 32-p. Skin Book. Address postcard "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."—Adv.

Or Hears From Her. "He says that when he makes up his mind to do a thing he goes and does it."

"He means that when his wife makes up his mind to do a thing he goes and does it."

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Kellogg*.

In Use For Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

Inherited Talent. Mrs. Shimmerpate—Count Countess seems to be an expert at cranking automobiles.

Mr. Shimmerpate—No wonder. He's most of his ancestors were organ grinders.—Judge.

Red Cross Ball Blue will wash double as many clothes as any other blue. Don't put your money into any other. Adv.

Very Likely. "My tailor is beginning to dun me." "Suspects that you've done him, eh?"—Boston Evening Transcript.

A simple protection against dangerous throat affections. Dr. Pease's Mentholated Cough Drops; 5c at Drug Stores.

An ounce of consideration is worth a pound of contention.

W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 4-1914.

Better Than Wealth

is perfect health; but to enjoy good health it is necessary first to get rid of the minor ailments caused by defective or irregular action of the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels, ailments which spoil life, dull pleasure, and make all sufferers feel tired or good for nothing.

THE FAVORITE FAMILY MEDICINE

W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 4-1914.

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**Read Our  
Personal  
Money-Back  
Guarantee**

**You Can  
Try This  
Remedy  
At Our Risk**

**YOU** know what that means—Misery—Worry—Big Bills—Debts! You know you can't afford to get sick. Keeping in good health means food and clothing for you and your family. It's up to you to take care of yourself. It's up to you, whenever you don't feel right, to take something to make you right, to strengthen you, build you up, ward off worse sickness, protect you and your family! That thing we have, and in offering it to you we protect you against money risk, by personally promising you that if it doesn't protect you against sickness, we'll give you back your money without a word or question. It is—

# Rexall Olive Oil Emulsion

## It Is the Best Remedy

When you are run-down, no matter what the cause. It doesn't merely stimulate you and make you feel good for a few hours, but takes hold of the weakness, and builds you up to a healthy, normal condition.

It is a real nerve-food tonic, a real builder of healthy nerves, rich blood, strong muscles, good digestion.

It contains the Hypophosphites, to tone the nerves and give energy, and pure Olive Oil, to nourish the nerves, the blood, the entire system, and give vitality, strength and health.

It is pleasant to take, the greasy flavor of the Olive Oil having been removed.

For you who are tired out, nervous, run-down, debilitated, weak, emaciated—for convalescents—for old people—for puny children—we recommend Rexall Olive Oil Emulsion as the best medicine we know of to make and keep you well and strong.

## We Make Our Living

out of the drug business right here in your town. It is our duty to give you the best remedy we can for whatever ailment you may have, and business sense demands that we recommend nothing unless we know it's good.

We know Rexall Olive Oil Emulsion is good. We believe it is the best builder of health, energy and strength there is made. We know it is greatly helping many of your neighbors. We believe that it will make you well and strong again, and save you money and worry in the end.

We feel it is good business for us to recommend Rexall Olive Oil Emulsion and get you to use it, because we know you'll thank us afterward for making our confidence in it so plain that you didn't hesitate to take us at our word. We also feel sure that once you have used it, you'll be as enthusiastic about it as we are and will recommend it to your friends. Read our money-back guarantee and get a bottle today.

Sold only at the 7000 Retail Stores—the World's Greatest Drug Stores—\$1.00 a bottle. Sold in this town only by us.

**We Guarantee This Remedy to Relieve and Satisfy You—or Your Money Back**  
We don't want your money unless Rexall Olive Oil Emulsion really helps and satisfies you. If it doesn't, come back and tell us, and we'll give back your money. We believe it will protect your health—if it doesn't, the money is yours, and we want you to have it.

# A. M. Lewis & Co.

Grayling, Michigan

Rexall Means "KING OF ALL" — And is the Rexall Store in this town.

## PREFERS HOME JOB TO RICHES

Chore Boy in Montana Turns Down Offer of Fortune if He Goes to Germany.

Butte, Mont.—Life as a chore boy on a Montana ranch has more attraction for Johann Karl Christian Schultz, seventeen years old, born in Minneapolis, than a comfortable home, good education and a fortune offered him in Germany by his grandfather.

The boy's mother ran away from her home near Hamburg, in Germany, and eventually reached Minneapolis, where she married and where her baby was born. Left an orphan a few years later, the little boy was taken in by a family named Elmer. The Elmers moved west, bringing Johann with them, to a ranch in Custer county, Montana, where Johann now works for a neighboring rancher, Matt Pickens.

As old age came on the German grandfather grew more and more desirous of seeing his daughter before left a baby son. Through the aid of the German consuls in locating her. The fact of her death in Minneapolis was ascertained; the only source of comfort was the information that she left a baby son. Through the aid of M. L. Rickman, secretary of the Montana bureau of child and animal protection, Johann was located on the Pickens ranch, near Ekalaka.

In answer to the secretary's letter the boy has just written:

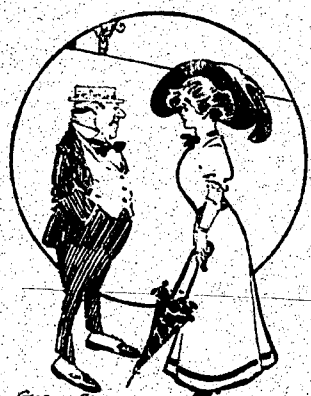
"Have received your letter about going back to Germany. Do not want to go. Have been making my home since leaving Mr. Elmer with Mr. Pickens and am content to stay here. I will be seventeen on next February 25. Have not had much schooling, but expect to go this winter. The work I do is helping about the ranch."

Consul W. von Loehnesen at Seattle will be notified of the boy's decision.

## Biliousness and Constipation Cured.

If you are ever troubled with biliousness or constipation you will be interested in the statement of R. F. Erwin, Peru, Ind. "A year ago last winter I had an attack of indigestion followed by biliousness and constipation. Seeing Chamberlain's Tablets so highly recommended, I bought a bottle of them and they helped me right away. For sale by all Dealers.

## SYMPTOMS



His Daughter—Say, father, I feel that I ought to have a new hat.  
Her Father—Where do you feel that way?  
His Daughter—In my wishbone, father.

## THE VACUUM LIGHT



"Oh! light of love!" the lover cried; But after her disdain, He looked into her orbs and sighed: "Alas! and light of brain!"

## The Secret.

Mr. Gazup—That romantic Miss Fasse says there is a secret connection with her birth.  
Miss Pickles—So I've heard. It's the date.

## MANY CAVE PEARLS FOUND

Unusual Discovery in Old English Mine Workings While Looking for Spring.

London.—Beautiful cave pearls have been found and a lost hot spring discovered in the course of dangerous explorations of mine workings at Matlock, which were in some cases dug by pick before the discovery of gunpowder.

The cave pearls, which are like true pearls in composition, are formed in limestone caves by the agency of water. The explorers, Dr. Palmer Pearson, J. W. Puttall and Mr. Percival, came upon these gems in the course of their search for the lost hot spring found later. The spring, which had been lost over a century, is expected to have important results for the town.

Mr. Palmer Pearson, a local resident, recently came across an ancient record by Dr. Short which stated that he visited a lead mine known as the Cobler and there discovered a hot spring. The Cobler has now been relocated.

In an interview Mr. Pearson said it had taken months to find the Cobler. Its situation was among a number of disused lead mine shafts on Ball Eye. The shaft goes down 120 yards vertically and there is no record of its having been worked for at least a century. No one remembered even the name of the mine; all that remains is the building used by the miners for shelter, now used as a cattle shed. The shaft has subsided and filled in, and this will make explorations to the course very dangerous and costly. An attempt has been made to get into the Cobler from other levels, but all efforts have failed.

Mr. Pearson, who is a native of Matlock, said that in his own family tradition had always stated that the water was above 80 degrees Fahrenheit.

As to his fellow explorers, Mr. Pearson added that he warned them that there would be considerable risk of life and limb in the search, as exploring the ancient workings was an extremely dangerous task. Speaking of their experiences, Mr. Pearson said the burrowing underground work has been very risky. As an instance he quoted the visit paid by Messrs. Puttall and Percival to the Calver Sough, which runs below the Cobler. This was constructed to draw off the water from the mines above and the explorers entered a hole not much larger than their own bodies, which had been worked by pick long before gunpowder was invented. It is beautifully picked out with a height of three feet six inches and a width of 22 inches.

The Sough ran 400 yards, and the explorers crawled in water all the way there and back. It took two whole nights to explore and the explorers were in great peril of being buried by sliding debris at points where the loadstone rock had decayed.

## Locusts Blinded Aviator.

A Spanish aviator nearly lost his life by colliding with a swarm of locusts. He was flying at a height of 60 feet when he ran into the swarm, which so blinded him that he lost control of the machine.

## STUPID



Mrs. Sweet—I suppose you must have had a perfectly lovely time at that mountain hotel.  
Mrs. Swift—No; it was awfully stupid. There was only one lady in the hotel where we stopped who knew the least thing about bridge.

## SOMEWHAT ALIKE



"What is the difference between a canoe and a motorboat?"  
"Well, considerable."  
"Not so much."  
"Why not?"  
"One the operator runs with his scull and the other with his brains."

## ONLY IN DREAMS



Kind Old Man—But did you never feel as though you'd like to work?  
Tramp—Once, but a couple of minutes afterward I woke up.

## Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN.  
The Probate Court for the County of Crawford.  
At a session of said Court held at the Probate Office, in the village of Grayling, in said county, on the 29th day of December, A. D., 1913.  
Present: Hon. Wellington Batterson, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of William Edwards, deceased.

Ella J. Gallimore, a daughter of said deceased having filed in said court her petition praying that the further administration of said estate be granted to said Ella J. Gallimore.

It is ordered that the 26th day of January, A. D., 1914, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition.

It is further ordered that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Crawford Avalanche, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

WELLINGTON BATTERSON, Judge of Probate.

A true copy.  
WELLINGTON BATTERSON, Judge of Probate. Jan 1w3

## Dangers of a Cold.

Do you know that of all the minor ailments colds are by far the most dangerous? It is not the colds themselves that you need to fear, but the serious diseases that they so often lead to. For that reason every cold should be gotten rid of with the least possible delay. To accomplish this you will find Chamberlain's Cough Remedy of great help to you. It loosens a cold, relieves the lungs, aids expectoration and enables the system to throw off the cold. For sale by all Dealers.

## PRINCESS MURAT OF RUSSIA

First Photograph Taken in New Garb of the Former Beautiful Miss Stallo of Cincinnati.

Paris, France.—The first photograph of the beautiful Princess Murat of Russia, who was the former Miss Stallo, multimillionaire heiress of Cincinnati. The princess in fancy dress costume is seen with M. Andre Fouquier dressed as a Chinese mandarin. M. Fouquier, who on his recent visit to America was in conference with President Wilson at Washington.



Princess Murat and M. Fouquier.

ington, is the well known leader of French society, and is probably the best dressed man in France.

## BARS HER FROM THE PULPIT

Netherland Reform Church Won't Let Dutchwoman Pastor Preach in Pulpit.

The Hague.—Miss Gerling has just taken the degree of doctor of divinity at the University of Groningen. She is the first woman to be graduated with that honor in a Dutch institution of learning. Now the question before the public is: "Will she be allowed to preach?"

If she were a Baptist there would be no difficulty about it, as the Baptists have set aside their prejudice against women preachers. It was in the Baptist church that Rev. Anna Shaw was allowed to preach. Miss Gerling, however, belongs to the Netherlands Reformed church, which still closes its pulpits to women.

## Excellent for Stomach Trouble.

"Chamberlain's Tablets are just fine for stomach trouble," writes Mrs. G. C. Dunn, Arnold, Pa. "I was bothered with this complaint for some time and frequently had bilious attacks. Chamberlain's Tablets afforded me great relief from the first, and since taking one bottle of them I feel like a different person. For sale by all Dealers.

## OVER 65 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

**PATENTS**  
TRADE MARKS  
DESIGNS  
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Any person having an invention or discovery in any of the above mentioned fields, or any other branch of science, art or industry, should apply to MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York, for a full and complete explanation of the system of securing patents, and for a list of the names of the inventors who have secured patents through the agency of MUNN & CO.

## Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Contains all the latest news and information in the world of science, art and industry. Published by MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York.

## The Famous Salt and Mineral Baths at Manistee, Michigan

Rheumatism, Nervous Disorders, Skin Diseases, Catarrh, Kidney, Liver and Bladder troubles are all cured by this great water treatment. Each bath 80 cents. Hotel rates very reasonable. Brailay, Manistee, Mich.

## NOTICE.

To the owner or owners of any and all interests in or liens upon the land herein described:

Take Notice that sale has been lawfully made of the following described land for unpaid taxes thereon, and that the undersigned has title thereto under tax deed or deeds issued therefor, and that you are entitled to a reconveyance thereof at any time within six months after return of service of this notice, upon payment to the undersigned or to the Register in Chancery of the County in which the land lies of all sums paid upon such purchase, together with one hundred per cent additional thereto, and the fees of the sheriff for the service or cost of publication of this notice, to be computed as upon personal service of a declaration as commencement of suit, and the further sum of five dollars for each description without other additional cost or charges.

If payment as aforesaid is not made, the undersigned will institute proceedings for possession of the land.

Description of land: Situated in Crawford county, State of Michigan, lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, block four (4) of McRae, addition to the village of Frerleville, Mich., according to plat thereof. Amount paid \$10.98. Tax for year 1901, 1902, 1909.

Amount necessary to redeem, \$35.89 to which must be added the fees of the sheriff.

Yours respectfully,

GEO. HUNTER,

Place of business, Frederic, Mich.

Dated November 13th A. D. 1913.

To J. C. McRAE,

Grantee under the last recorded deed, in the regular chain of title, to said land.

## Chancery Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN.  
34th JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.  
In Chancery.

Suit pending in the circuit court for the county of Crawford, in chancery, at the village of Grayling, on the 29th day of December, A. D., 1913.

Sophia Steadry, complainant,

vs.

Augustus Steadry, defendant.

In this cause it appearing, that defendant, Augustus Steadry, was a resident of this state in July, 1907, but that his present whereabouts are unknown, therefore, on motion of plaintiff, it is ordered, that defendant enter his appearance in said cause on or before five months from the date of this order; and that within twenty days the complainant cause this order to be published in the CRAWFORD AVALANCHE, said publication to be continued once in each week for six weeks in succession.

NELSON SHAPIRO, Circuit Judge.

Dwight H. Fitch,

Solicitor for complainant.

Business address, East Jordan, Mich. Jan 15-w7

## Probate Notice

STATE OF MICHIGAN.  
The Probate Court for the County of Crawford.

At a session of said court, held at the Probate Office in the village of Grayling, in said county, on the 12th day of January, A. D., 1914.

Present: Hon. Wellington Batterson, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Milton Simpson, deceased.

Harry Simpson, a son of said deceased, having filed in said court his petition praying that the administration of said estate be granted to the said Harry S. Simpson, or to some other suitable person.

It is ordered, that the 16th day of Feb., A. D., 1914, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at said Probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition.

It is further ordered, that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the CRAWFORD AVALANCHE, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

WELLINGTON BATTERSON, Judge of Probate.

A true copy.

WELLINGTON BATTERSON, Judge of Probate. Jan 15-w3

## STATE OF MICHIGAN.

COUNTY OF MANISTEE.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the board of Supervisors of said county to be held on the 2nd day of March 1914, at the court house in the City of Manistee in said county, at two o'clock in the afternoon, of said day, application will be made by petition duly filed with their clerk for leave to construct, and for the construction of a bridge across the Manistee river on the north half of the north west quarter of section thirty-three, township twenty-two, north range 14 west, consisting of one sixty foot and two thirty foot stationary spans, without draws, across the different channels of said river and to be constructed of iron on cement and concrete piers and foundations, with a sixteen foot plank driveway capable of carrying a twelve ton live load; and also for the appropriation of the sum of \$800.00 to defray the cost of construction thereof and the submission of the question of raising the said amount to the electors of said county at the April election to be held on April 6th, 1914, under resolutions and directions as may be determined by said Board.

Said petition, the description and drawings showing the location, plans, and details of said bridge, are now on file with the County Clerk of said Manistee County.

A. KANN R. R. RAISBELL  
JAS. G. KENNY G. A. HART  
WILLIAM VINCENT ED. WARD  
THOS. KENNY J. V. NORDHOUS  
HARRY J. ARONS D. D. GILLIES  
M. P. KENNY MARTIN GILBERT  
C. A. ZIEGLER V. GRAY

Jan 1-w3

## Cough Medicine for Children.

Never give a child a cough medicine that contains opium in any form. When opium is given often and more serious diseases may follow. Long experience has demonstrated that there is no better or safer medicine for coughs, colds and croup in children than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is equally valuable for adults. Try it. It contains no opium or other harmful drug. For sale by all Dealers.

## Manistee & N. E. R. R. Time Card

In effect Sept. 29, 1913.

Read Down.				Read Up.			
A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
4:00	12:25	iv Grayling ar	11:55	14:35			
6:54	12:34	Resort iv	11:46				
8:21	3:02	Sigma	1:17	3:32			
9:29	4:00	Rowley	12:44	1:36			
11:13	4:57	Buckley	12:20	1:00			
	4:58	Glengarry	11:03	11:23			
	5:33	Kaleva	9:55				
	5:43	Chief Lake	9:45				
	5:50	Norwalk	9:39				
	6:20	Manistee	9:15				
		A. M.					

A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
7:35	12:25	iv Manistee ar	12:10	16:50			
8:21	3:08	Kaleva	11:55	6:03			
8:43	3:33	Copemish	11:00	5:35			
8:49	3:42	Nessen Cy	10:49	5:27			
9:23	6:10	Platte Rvr	10:17	4:59			
9:31	6:15	Lake Ann	10:11	4:54			
9:48	6:30	Solon	9:48	4:35			
9:54	6:36	Fouch	9:42	4:26			
10:10	6:50	Traverse C.	9:30	4:10			
		A. M.					

† Daily, except Sunday.

## How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.  
We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE, TOLEDO, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Drug-gists.  
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

## Look!

We own some of the finest improved farms in Minnesota, Wisconsin and North Dakota that we can sell on crop payments. If you want a home we will help you. If you have a piece of city property or a small farm which you wish to exchange for other land, we can use it. We also have a new stock of groceries and chinaware, dry goods, hardware and millinery to exchange for farm land or city property. Write us for particulars. Information cheerfully given. Agents wanted.

C. A. BERKINS, St. Paul, Minn.

## Drs. Insley & Keyport Physicians & Surgeons

Office over Lewis & Co's. Drug Store.

Office Hours—9 to 11 a.m. 2-4, 7-8 p.m.  
Residence on Peninsula Avenue, opposite G. A. R. Hall.

## Bank of Grayling.

Successors to Crawford County Exchange Bank.

MARIUS HANSON

PROPRIETOR.

Assets paid on certificates of deposit. Collections promptly attended to. All accommodations extended to those consistent with safe and conservative banking.

MARIUS HANSON, Cashier

## G. A. Canfield, D.D.S.

DENTIST

OFFICE: Over Alexander's Law Office on Michigan Avenue.

Office hours: 8.30-11 a. m. 1-3.30, p. m.

## O. Palmer

ATTORNEY AT LAW

PROSECUTING ATTORNEY

Office in Avalanche Building

FIRE INSURANCE.

## ELMER BROTT

Contractor and Builder